

SB-SBIRT Year 3 Data Summary

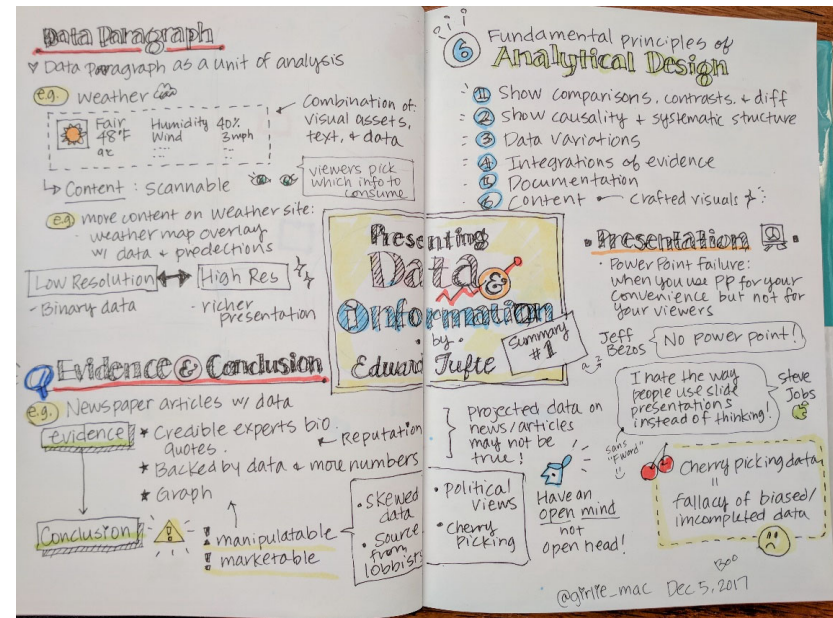
Cari McCarty, PhD
Seattle Children's Research Institute

Gratitude to: Maria Mullaney, MPH



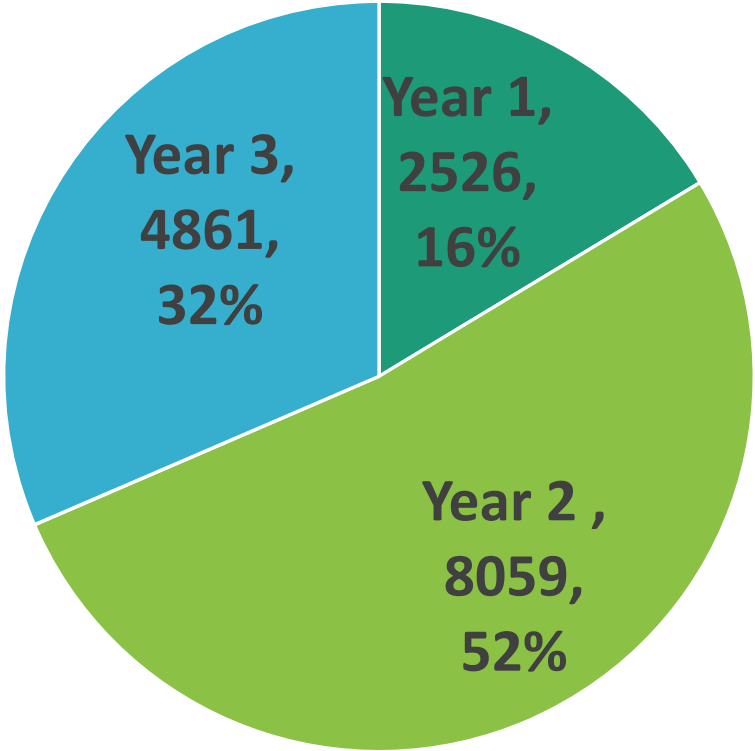
Take Notes....

- Which findings resonate with you?
Are there any surprises?
- What else do you want to know?
- What else should we be measuring in the future?
- Is there anything new or different that we should consider as we move toward high school screening?

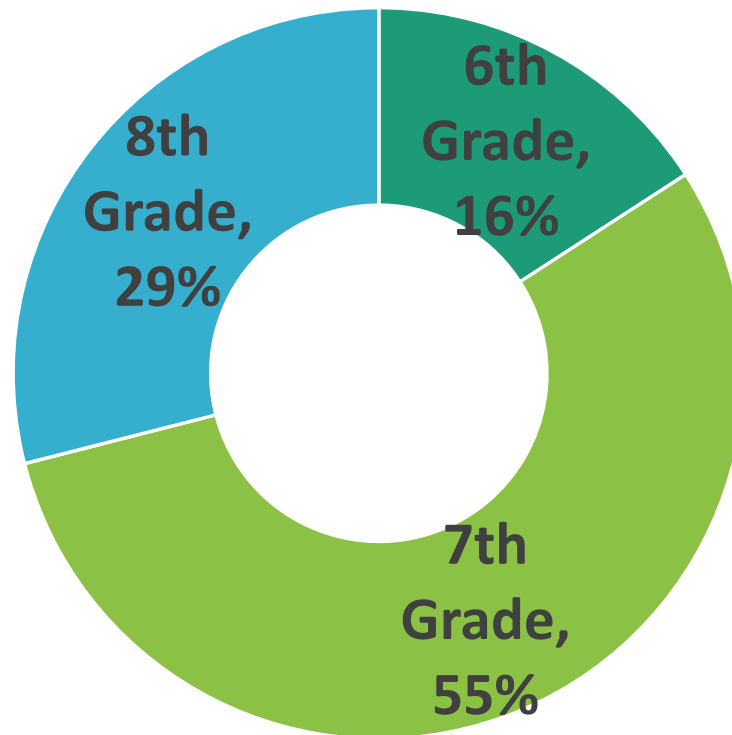


Over 15,000 have students participated in SB-SBIRT to date

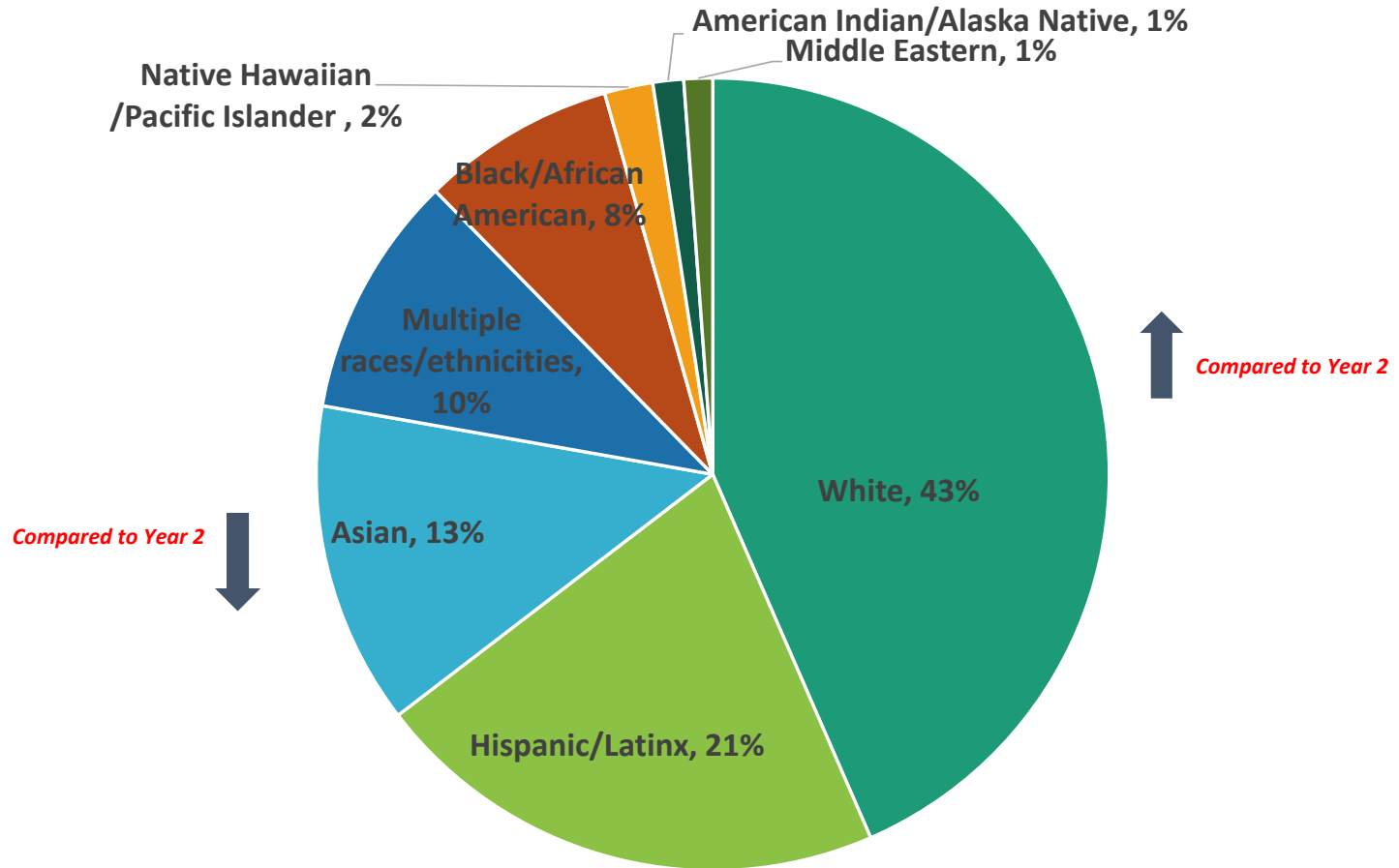
Students screened by program year (n = 15,446)



Students Who Participated in the SB-SBIRT Program in Year 3 Were in:

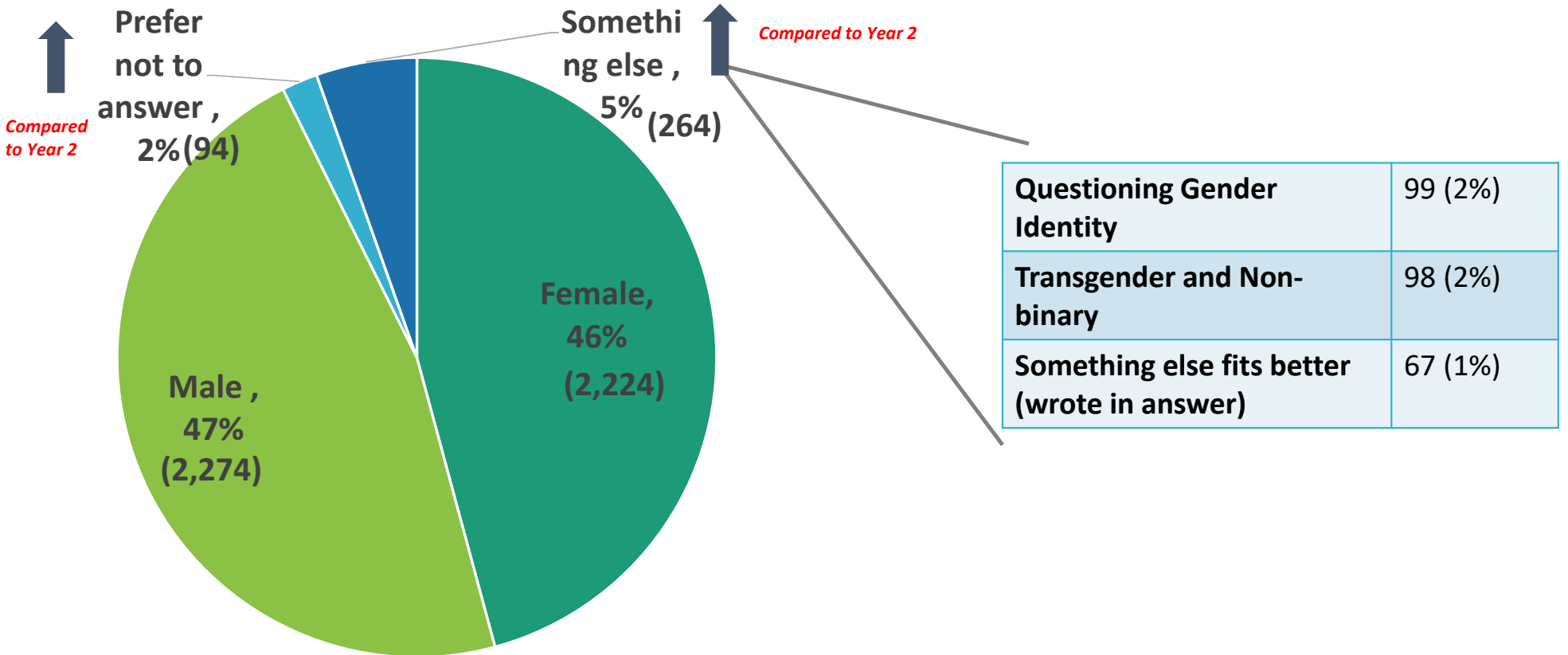


Students Who Participated in the SB-SBIRT Program in Year 3 Identified their Race or Ethnicity as:

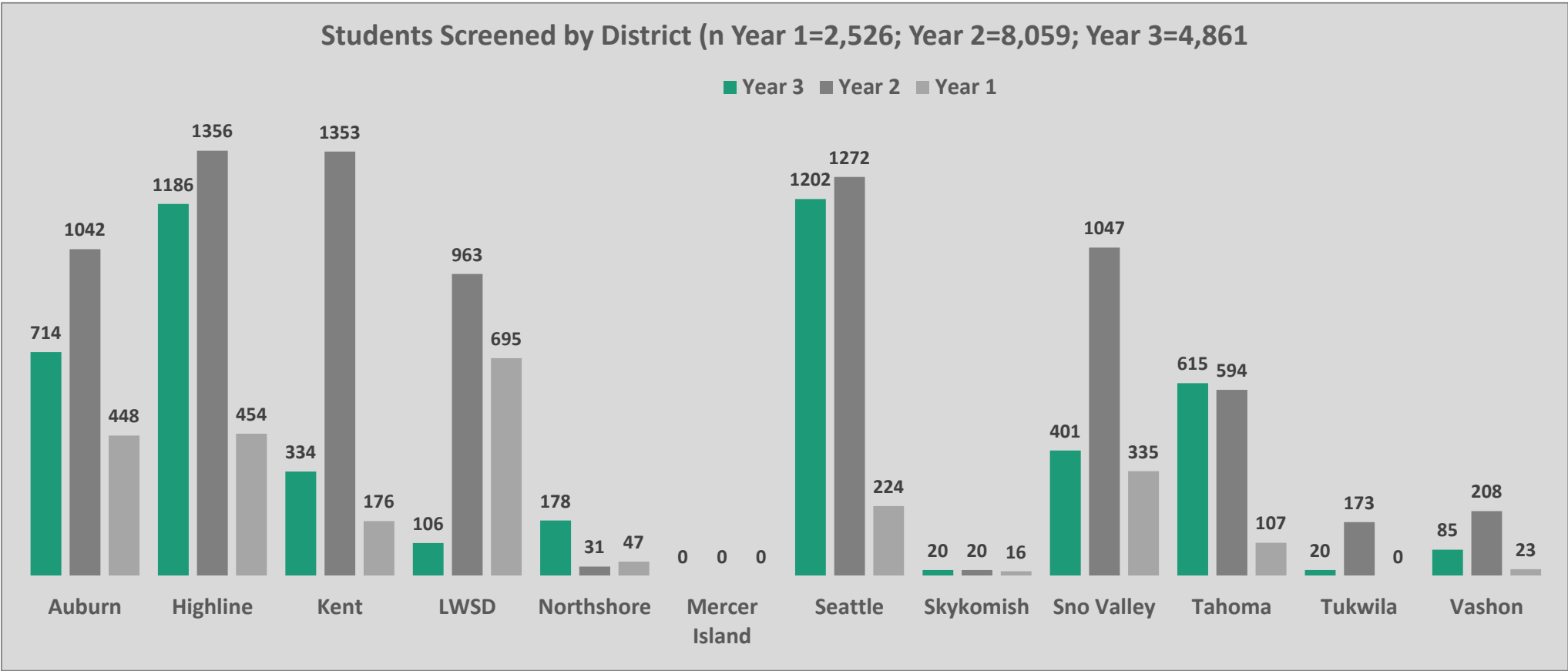


*Race/ethnicity was unknown for 65 students. This includes student responses that did not indicate a race or ethnicity and those who did not answer this question in Check Yourself.

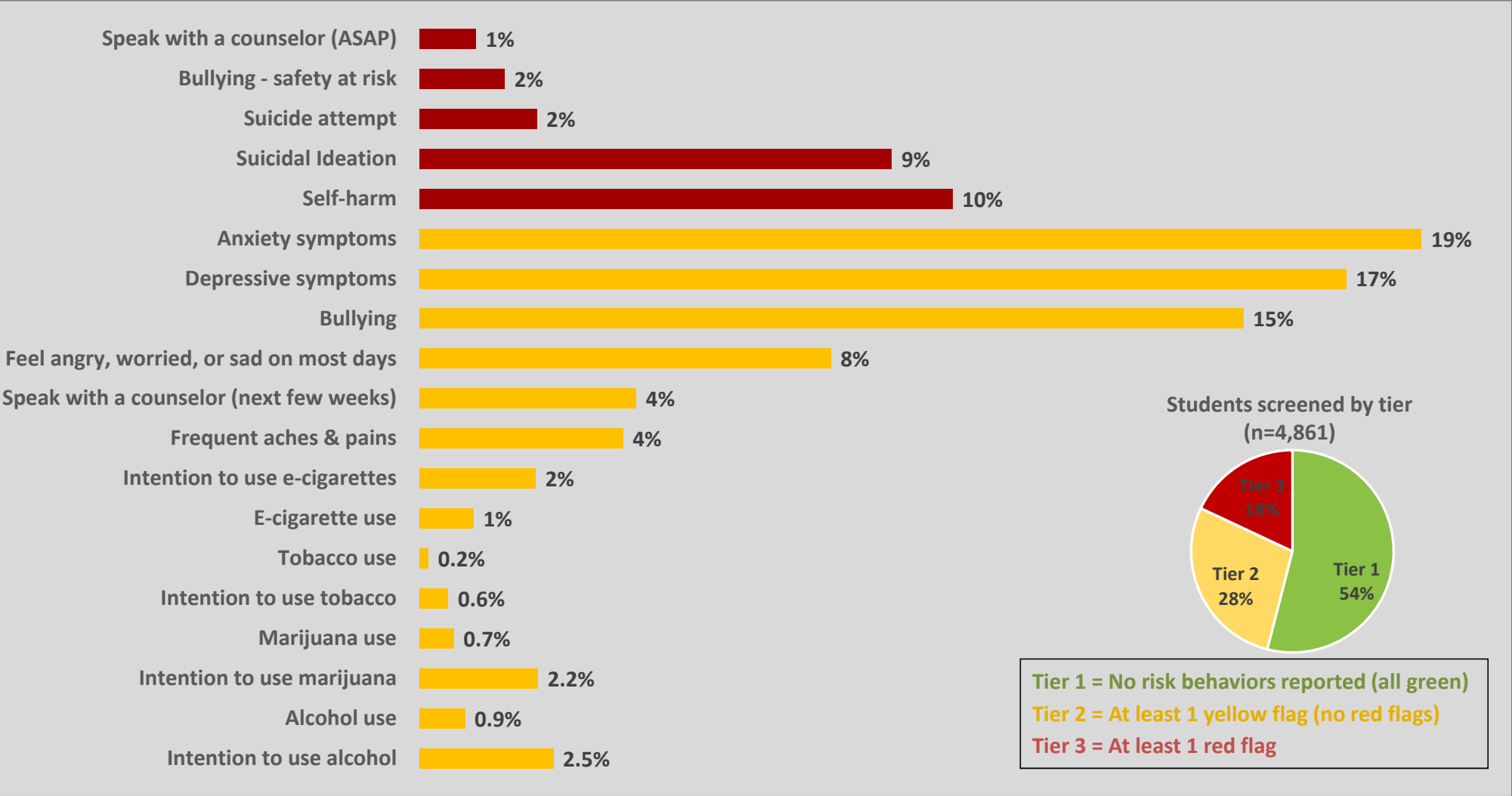
Students Who Participated in the SB-SBIRT Program in Year 3 Identified their Gender as:



4,861 Students Screened Using Check Yourself-SB during 2020-2021 School Year



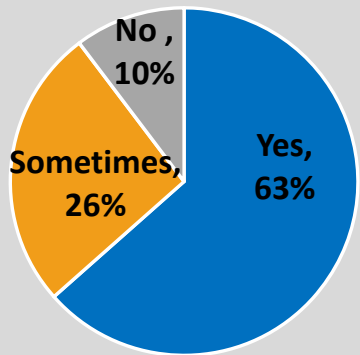
Students Who Endorsed Risk Factors During Screening (n = 4,861)



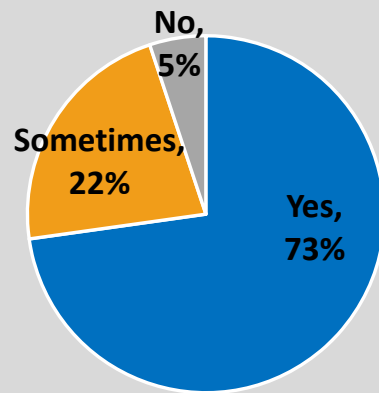
Student Protective Factors: Connection with Adults at School

At school there is an adult who...

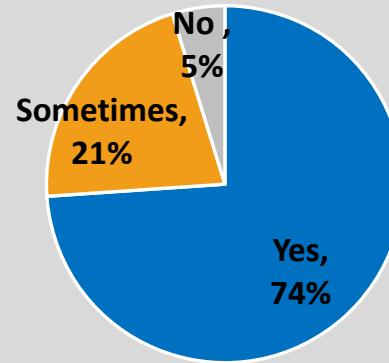
Really cares about me:



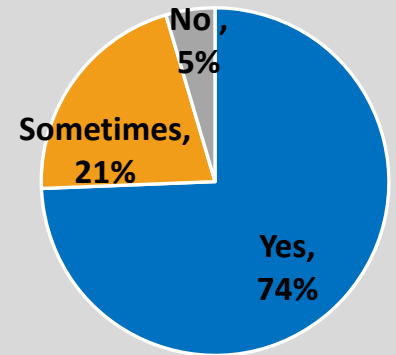
Tells me when I do a good job:



Listens to me when I have something to say:



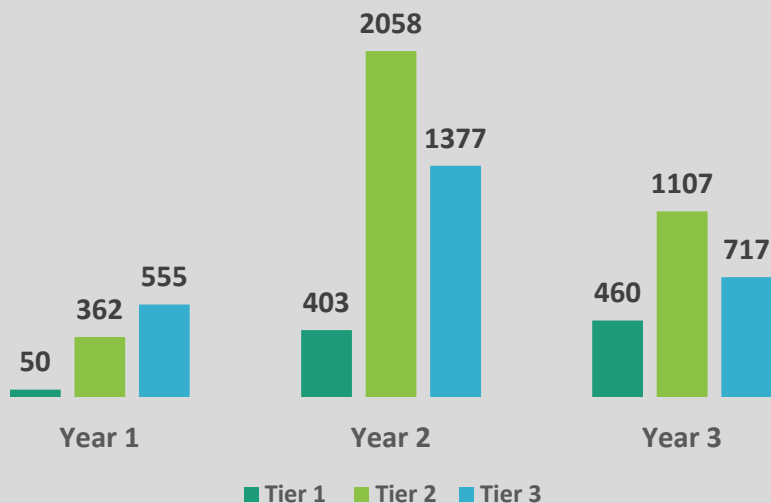
Believes I will be a success:



2,283 Students Received Brief Intervention (47% of all students screened)

98% of Tier 3 and **89% of Tier 2** students received Brief Intervention

Brief Intervention by Student Tier (n Year 1 = 979; Year 2= 3838; Year 3 = 2283)



Brief Intervention Timing:

90% of students who endorsed suicidal ideation received BI within 1 day of screening (82% in Year 2)

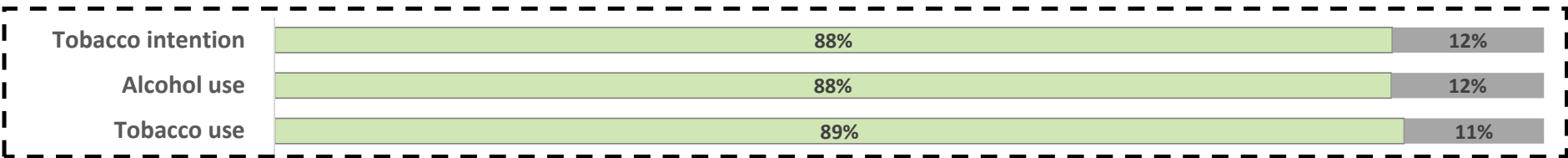
91% of Tier 3 youth received BI within 2 days of screening (85% in Year 2)

77% of Tier 2 youth received BI within 14 days (75% in Year 2)

Receipt of BI by Student Risk Factors (n= 4,861)



Lowest follow-up



Speak with counselor - next few weeks

Feeling sad, angry, worried most days

Depressive symptoms

Bullying

Safety at risk

Self-harm

Suicidal Ideation

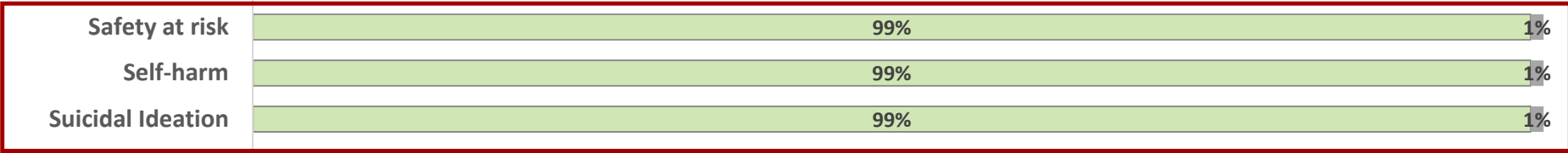
E-cigarette use

Speak with counselor - ASAP

Marijuana use



Tier 3



0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

Number of BI Meetings:

78% of students received 1 BI meeting

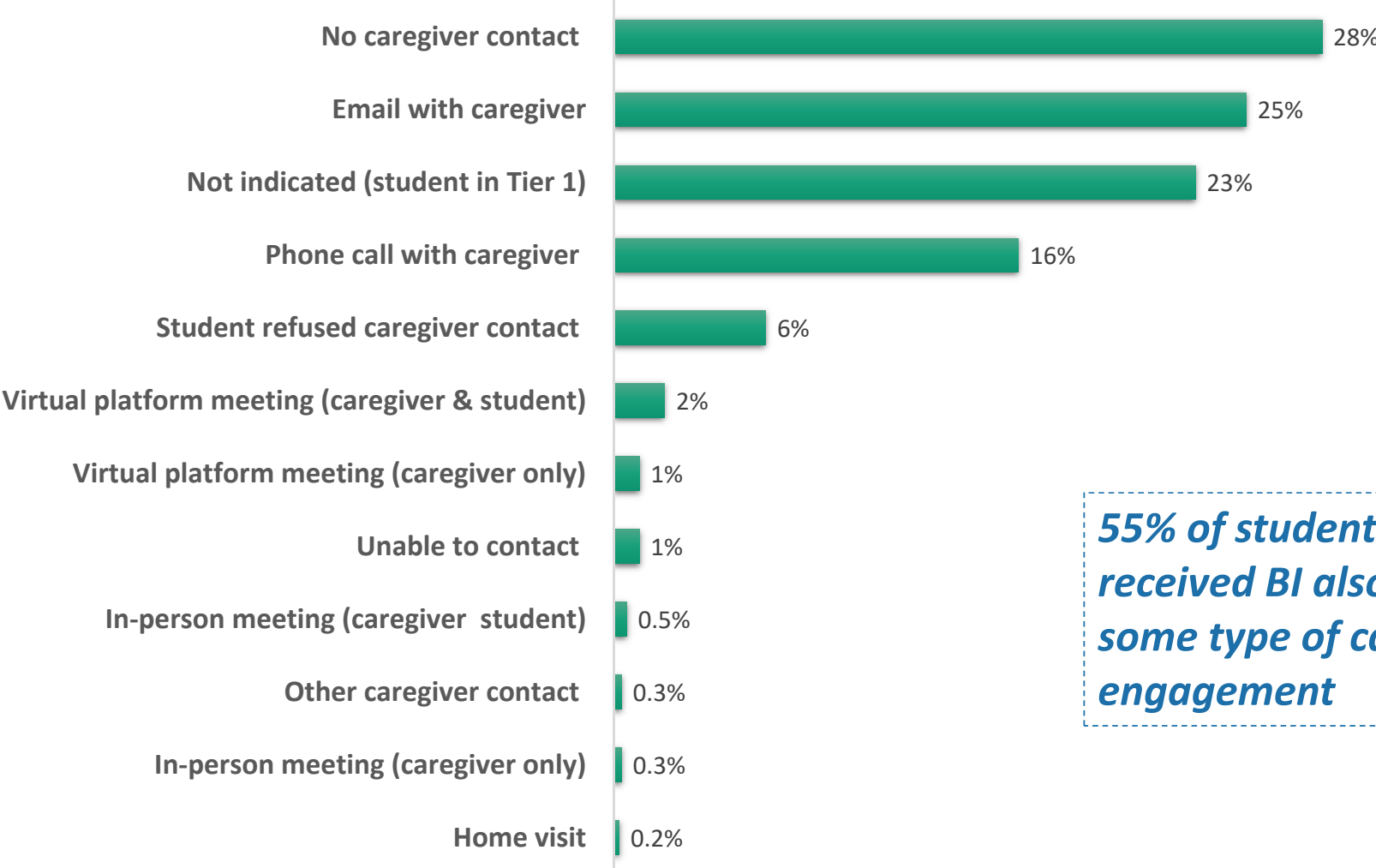
16% received 2-3 meetings

4% received 4 or more

Does the amount of time you have for a BI meeting impact how many meetings a student might participate in?

(For example, if a practitioner has more time during the first meeting they could cover all elements of BI and not need a second meeting)

Caregiver Engagement for Students who Received BI (n=2883)



55% of students who received BI also received some type of caregiver engagement

Caregiver Engagement by Student Tier

- Out of all students in Tier 1 who received BI, 3% did **NOT** have caregiver engagement.
- Out of all students in Tier 2 who received BI, 42% did **NOT** have caregiver engagement.
- Out of all students in Tier 3 who received BI, 27% did **NOT** have caregiver engagement.

Types of Caregiver Engagement by Student Tier

Tier 1	# Students	% of all who received BI in Tier 1
In-person meeting with caregiver only	0	0%
In-person meeting with caregiver and student	0	0%
Phone call with caregiver	19	4%
Email with caregiver	290	63%
Virtual platform meeting with caregiver only	1	0.2%
Virtual platform meeting with caregiver and student	3	1%
Home visit	0	0%
Student refused caregiver contact	0	0%
Attempt to contact caregiver was not successful	1	0.2%
Not indicated based on screening	207	45%
None	15	3%
Other caregiver contact (write-in)	2	0.4%

* Caregiver engagement information is missing for 34 students.

Types of Caregiver Engagement by Student Tier

Tier 2	# Students	% of all who Received BI in Tier 2
In-person meeting with caregiver only	6	1%
In-person meeting with caregiver and student	1	0.1%
Phone call with caregiver	83	7%
<i>Email with caregiver</i>	211	19%
Virtual platform meeting with caregiver only	2	0.2%
Virtual platform meeting with caregiver and student	7	1%
Home visit	4	0.4%
Student refused caregiver contact	97	9%
Attempt to contact caregiver was not successful	10	1%
<i>Not indicated based on screening</i>	251	23%
<i>None</i>	470	42%
Other caregiver contact (write-in)	47	4%

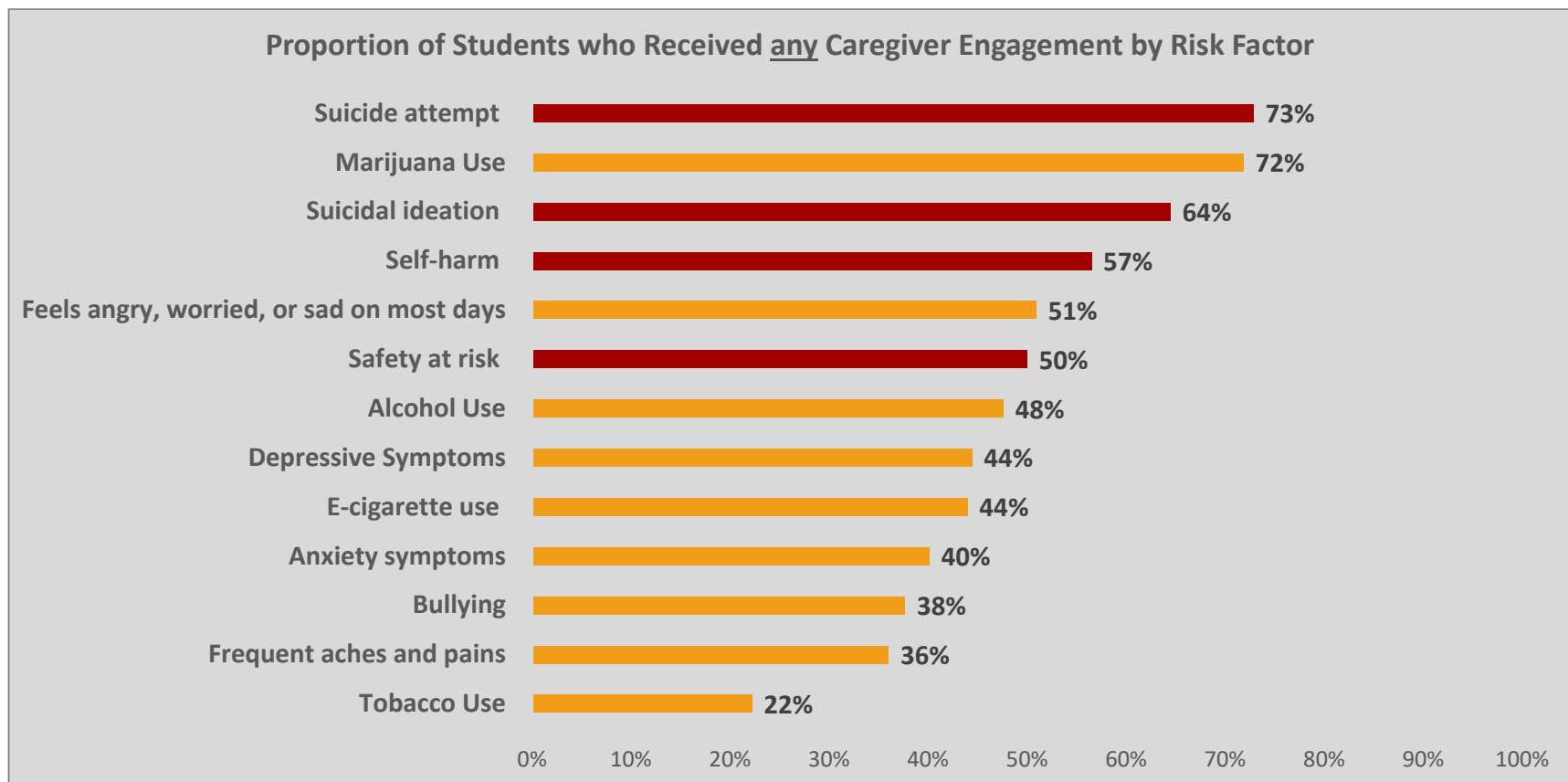
* Caregiver engagement information is missing for 123 students.

Types of Caregiver Engagement by Student Tier

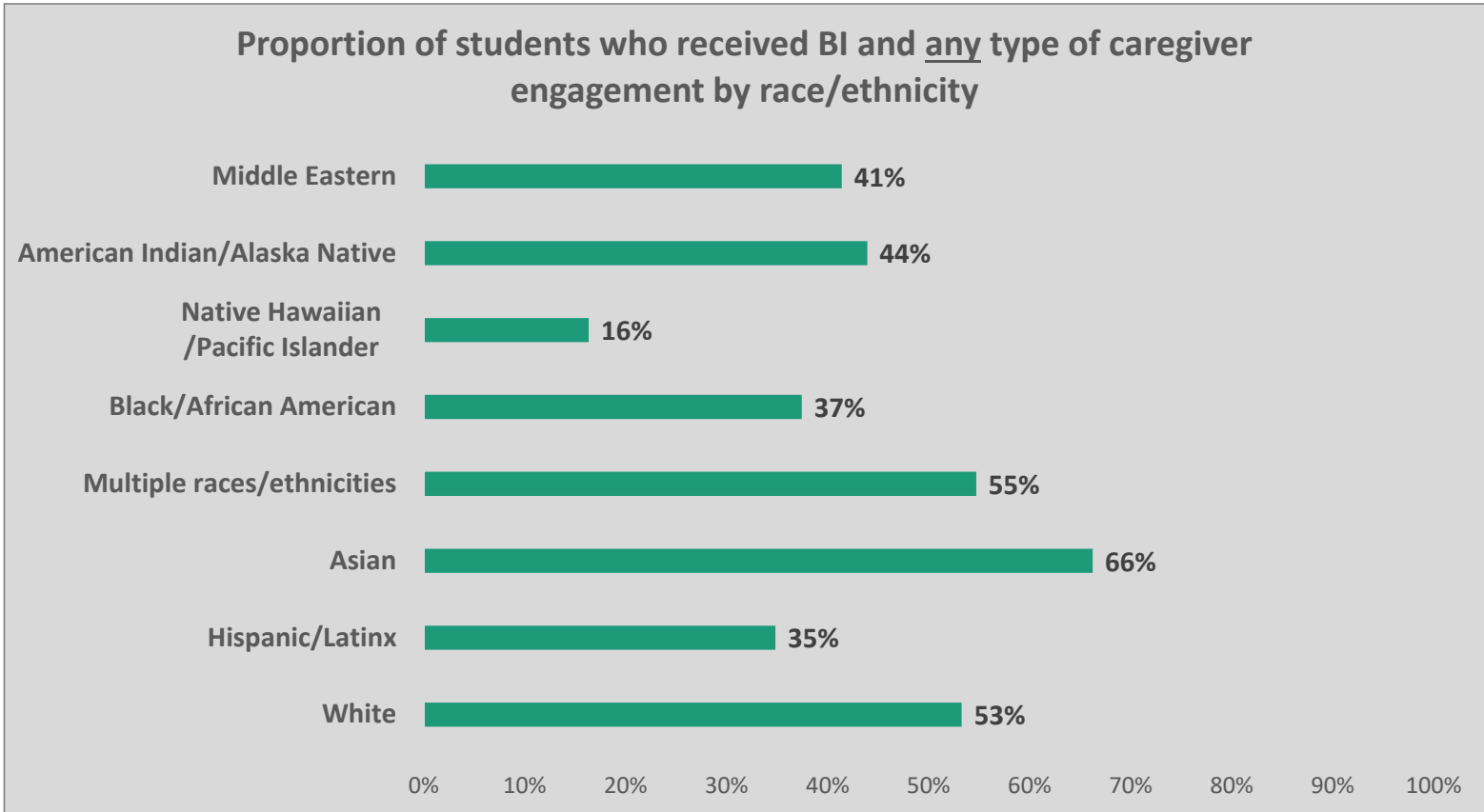
Tier 3	# Students	% of all who received BI in Tier 3
In-person meeting with caregiver only	1	0.1%
In-person meeting with caregiver and student	11	2%
Phone call with caregiver	298	42%
Email with caregiver	122	17%
Virtual platform meeting with caregiver only	11	2%
Virtual platform meeting with caregiver and student	35	5%
Home visit	3	0.4%
Student refused caregiver contact	52	7%
Attempt to contact caregiver was not successful	11	2%
Not indicated based on screening	98	14%
None	191	27%
Other caregiver contact (write-in)	44	6%

* Caregiver engagement information is missing for 7 students.

Caregiver Engagement by Risk Factor (Flag)



Caregiver Engagement by Student Race/Ethnicity



3% of students (164) should have received BI based on screening or school protocol, but did not due to:

- Unable to complete BI remotely usually due to not being able to contact student (46%)
- Student refused to participate (39%)

New Student Needs Identified During SB-SBIRT

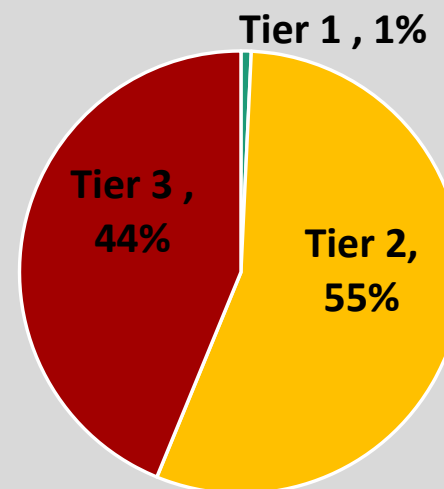
1,057 students (43% of students who received BI; 22% of all screened) had a new need identified.

582 students (55% of all with a new need identified) had 2 or more new needs identified during SB-SBIRT.

Top Five Risk Factors Identified:

- Anxiety symptoms (42%)
- Depressive symptoms (36%)
- Self-harm (24%)
- Suicidal ideation (24%)
- Bullying (19%)

Screening tier of students who had a new need/risk factor identified during SB-SBIRT (n=1,057)



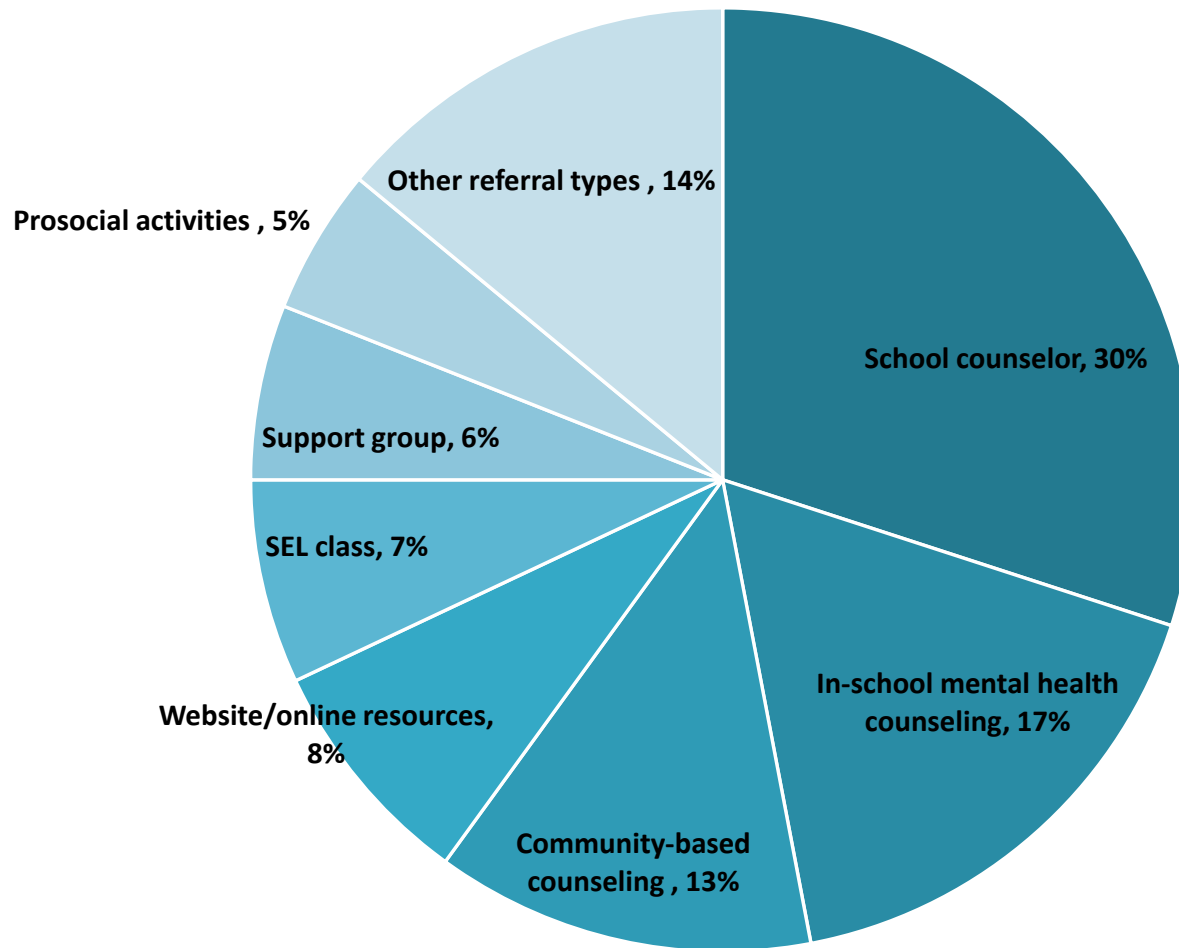
Referrals and Referral Connection

1,306 referrals provided to **820** students in Year 3 (compared to 1,759 referrals provided to 1,225 students in Year 2)

A higher proportion of students screened (**17%**) were provided with one or more referrals in Year 3 than in Years 2 and 1 (15%)

The top 3 barriers to referral connection: long waitlists (reported for 5% of referrals) and lack of family support (reported for 2% of referrals) and transportation (reported for 1% of referrals).

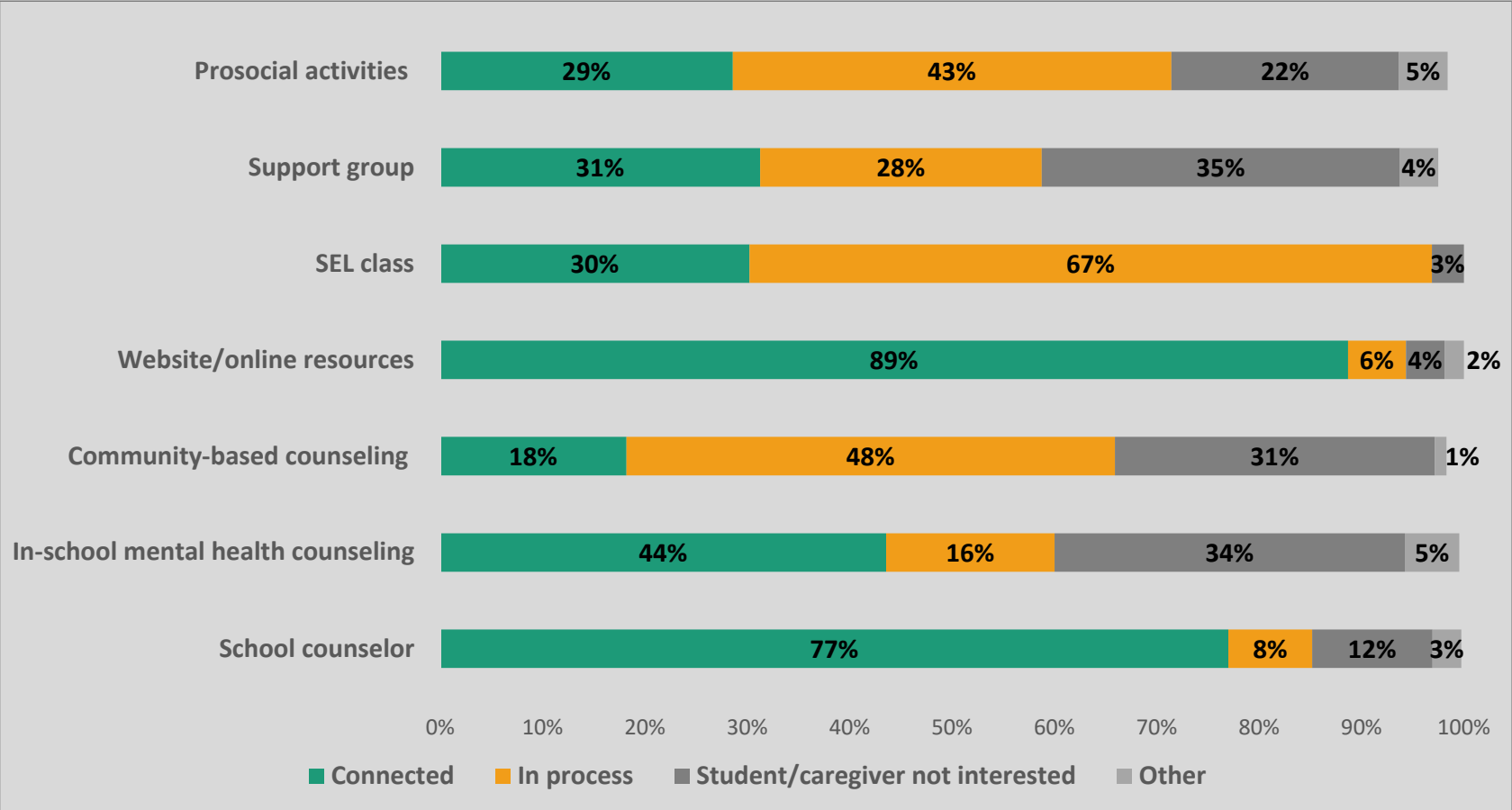
Referrals Provided to Students during SB-SBIRT



Other referral types included:

- Mentorship program
- Clothes/food resources
- Psych evaluation
- School nurse
- Teacher
- Doctor
- PBIS intervention
- Special Education
- Social Services
- Study skills
- SUD assessment
- Summer Job or Recreational Opportunities
- Administrator
- Write-in responses

Connection Status for Top Referrals Types Provided to Students in Year 3



Looking Ahead to Year 4: Completing the Outcome Evaluation

- Continuing student, caregiver, and staff surveys
- Reflection events with students, caregivers, and staff on program data and findings
- Hearing YOUR ideas for what is important to look at next



Questions for Discussion



Which findings resonate with you?
Are there any surprises?

What else do you want to know about the screening results?

What else should we be measuring in the future?

What else do you want to know about program implementation?

Is there anything new or different that we should consider as we move toward high school screening?

SB-SBIRT Year 2 Equity Sub-Analyses

Cari McCarty, PhD

Gratitude to: Allison Kristman-Valente, PhD



Questions we addressed:

1) How representative are the SB-SBIRT participants?

2) How does student reported risk vary across gender and race/ethnicity?

3) Were there gender or racial/ethnic differences in receipt of SB-SBIRT program components?
(BI, receipt of referral, referral connection)

Race/Ethnicity Groupings

Based on Youth Report on the Check Yourself tool

- White (only White, includes Middle Eastern and North African)
- Hispanic-Latinx (all)
- Asian/Asian American
- Black/African American
- Native Hawaiian / Pacific Islander*
- American Indian/ Alaska Native*
- Multiracial

*includes multiracial individuals who identify as this category

Gender Groupings

I identify as

female

male

non-binary

questioning my gender
identity

something else fits better
(write it in)

transgender

prefer not to answer

How representative are the SBIRT participants?

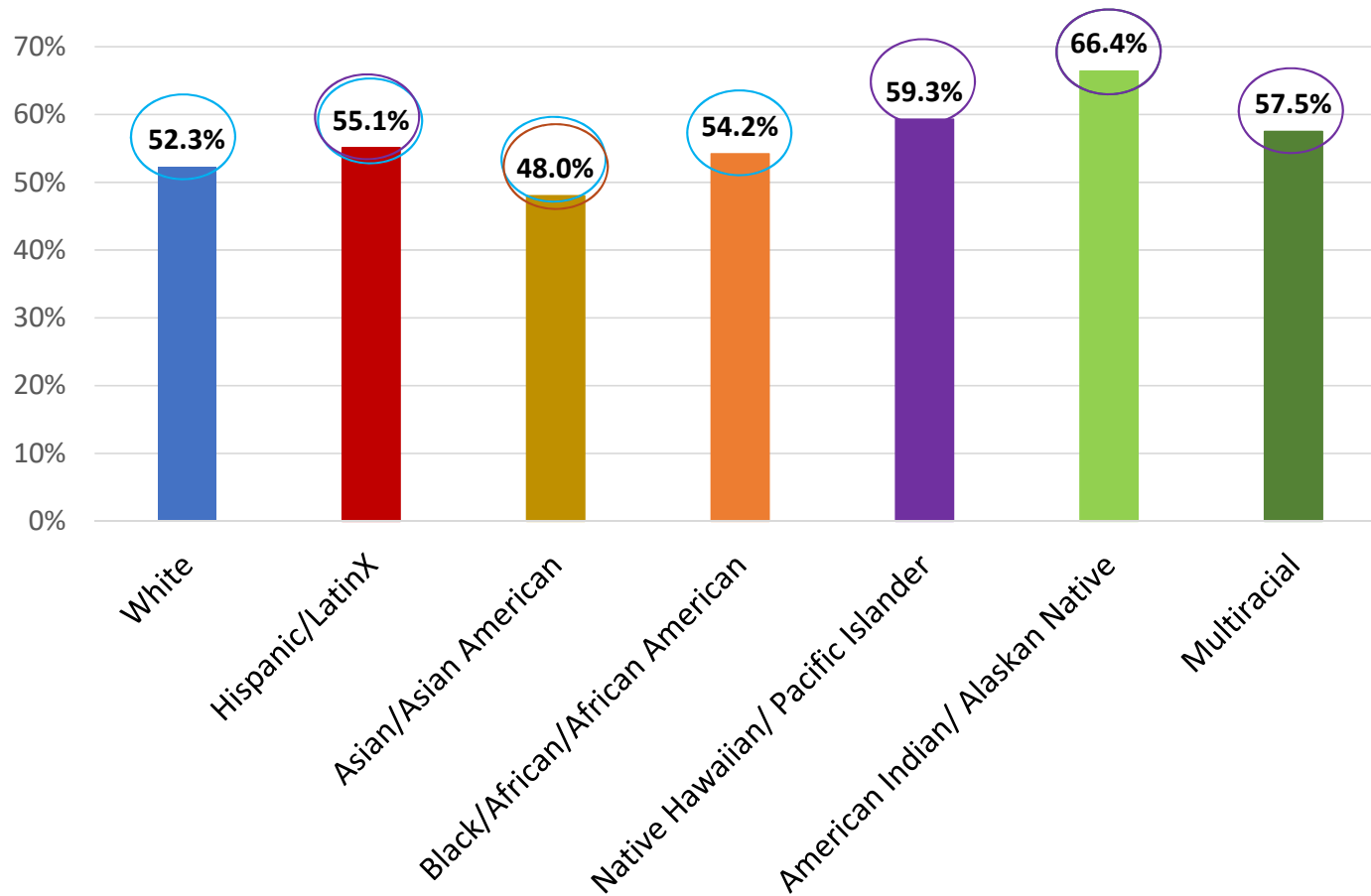
	Participating Schools 2019-2020 (N=28,826)	SBIRT Participants 2019-2020 (N=7,893)
American Indian/Alaska Native	<1%	3%
Asian American	15%	15%
Black/African American	7%	8%
Hispanic/Latinx	20%	21%
Multiracial	10%	6%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	2%	4%
White	45%	43%



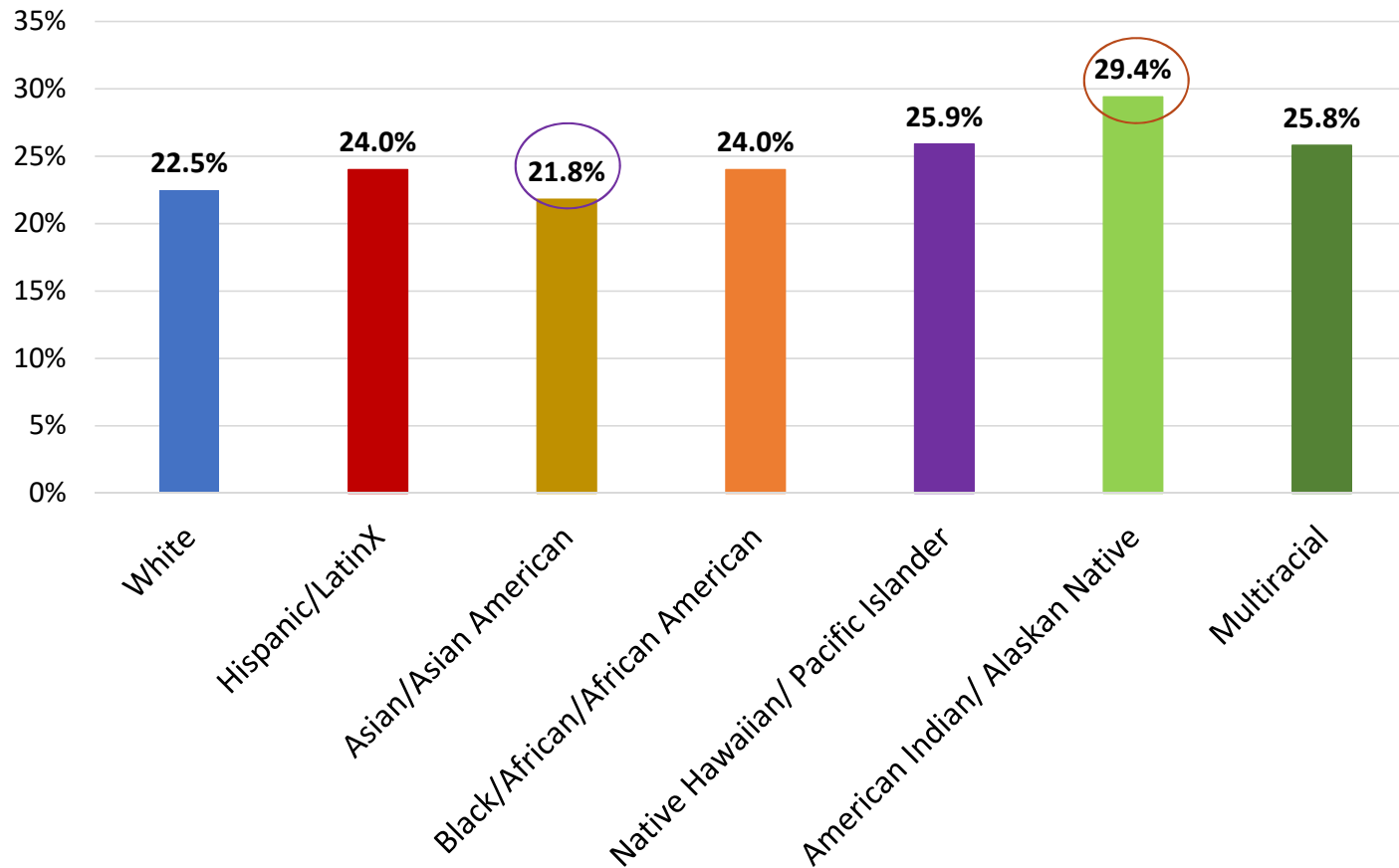
How does risk vary across gender?

	Gender Diverse	Females	Males
Screened into Tiers 2 or 3	79%	46%	42%
Depression	46%	18%	10%
Anxiety	44%	22%	11%
Self-Harm	37%	12%	9%
Suicidal Ideation	34%	12%	7%

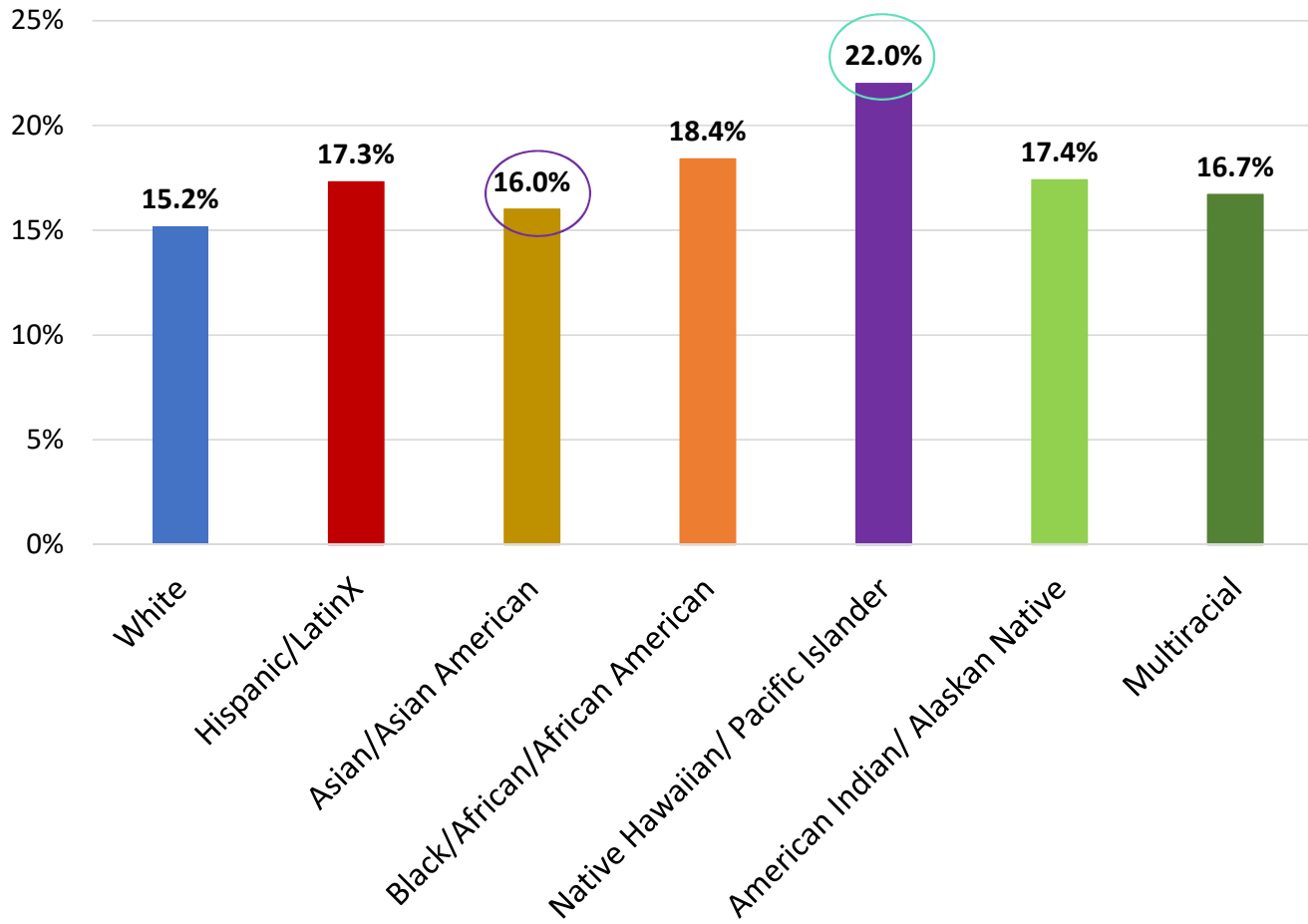
Students Screened into Tier 2 or 3 by Race/Ethnicity



Student Report of Depressive Symptoms



Student Report of Suicidal Ideation





Were there racial/ethnic and gender differences in receipt of SB-SBIRT program components?

Students in Tiers 2/3 Who Received Brief Intervention

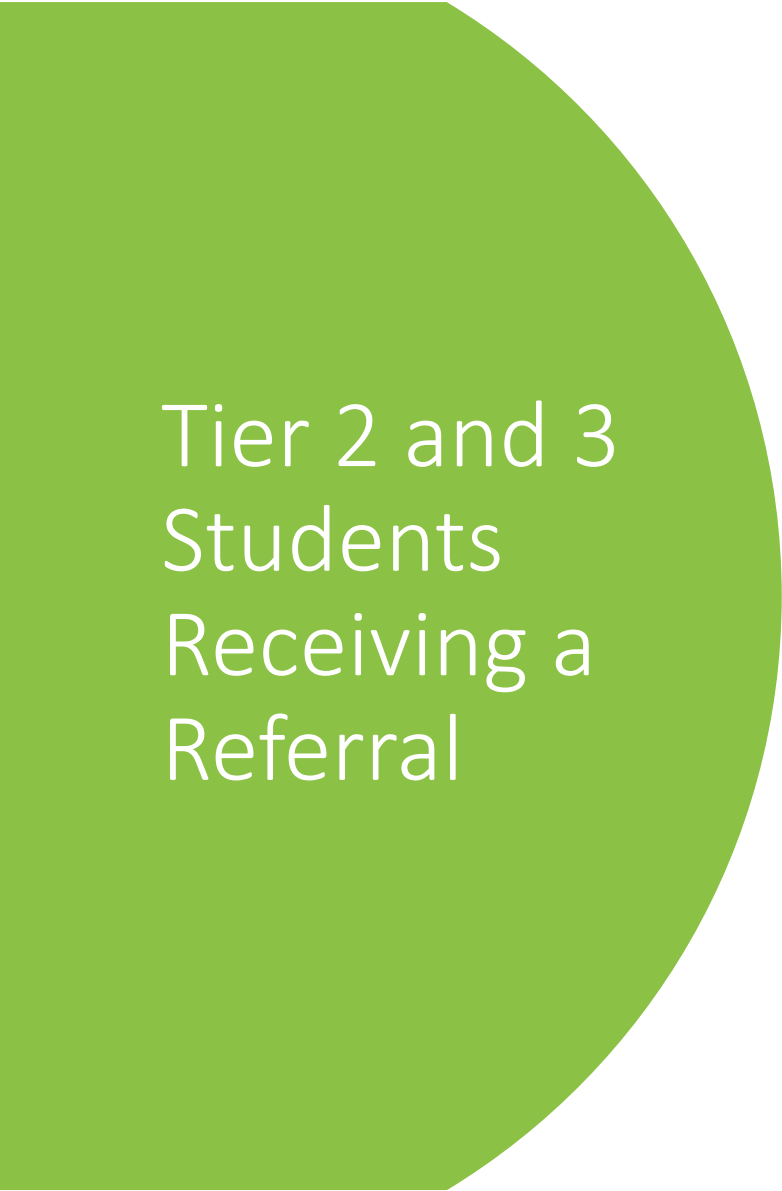
95% of students screened into Tiers 2 and 3 received Brief Intervention in Year 2

93% of Gender Diverse Students

96% of Female Students

94% of Male Students

No differences by race/ethnicity




Tier 2 and 3
Students
Receiving a
Referral

44% of Gender Diverse
Students

37% of Female Students

29% of Male Students

No differences by
race/ethnicity



Connected with a Referral

Overall, 60% of youth given a referral were reported as connected with that referral

No gender differences

No race differences

Questions for Discussion

- What came up for you? Is what we found what you are seeing as you implement this program?
- Do you have other thoughts or questions about the presented data?
- Are there other things that you want to know?

