# Qualitative Data Training

Coalition Leadership Institute, May 2021

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# Training Objectives

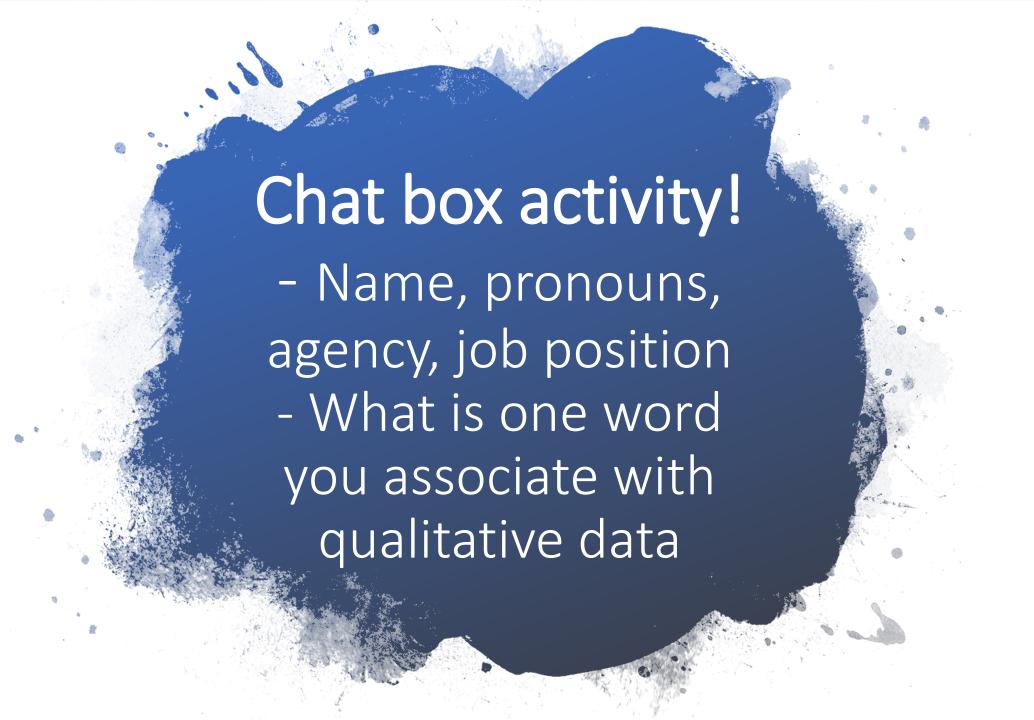
Understand the differences between quantitative and qualitative data

Hear examples of qualitative data collection from local providers

Outline methods to collect qualitative data

Identify ways to analyze qualitative data

Determine how qualitative data can inform local Prevention efforts



# Qualitative Data are:

Used to address broad, complex problems

Exploratory; used when little is known about a topic

Used to systematically characterize human experiences and phenomena

#### Chat Box & Discussion!

Have you collected qualitative data before?

If so, what kind?

### Qualitative or Quantitative?

	Qualitative	Quantitative
Objective/ Purpose	<ul> <li>Gain an understanding of underlying reasons and motivations</li> <li>Uncover trends in thought and opinion</li> </ul>	Gain an understanding of a topic by generalizing results from a sample to the population of interest
Sample	Usually a small number that is not representative of the population	Usually a large number that represents the population of interest
Analysis	Non-statistical	Statistical
Examples	<ul> <li>Focus Groups, Key Informant Interviews, Town Halls, Observations, Visuals</li> </ul>	Surveys, Counts

#### Qualitative & Quantitative: Mixed Methods

- Mixing two types of data
- Maximizes strengths, minimizes weaknesses of methods
- Can improve understanding and credibility
- Can address gaps and include multiple perspectives
- Examples:
  - Pre-Test (quant) → Process questions (qual) → Post-Test (quant)
  - Focus group (qual) → Survey (quant)
  - Survey (quant) → Focus group (qual)

#### Qualitative Data Collection

Focus groups

Key informant interviews

Town Halls

Review visuals

Open-ended survey questions

Ethnographic observations



# Examples from the Mt. Baker Community Coalition

#### What

 Qualitative data collection at Town Hall Meetings, Key Leader Events, Take-Back Day

#### How

- Use of 1-pagers, prepared questions, open-ended questions to pre/posts
- Note-taking, meeting chat box export, google forms, Jamboard, SurveyMonkey
- Games and Play! World Café, Liberating Structures

#### Outcomes

 Opportunities to celebrate coalition's work, Refine action plan and logic model, Influence local Parks Department Plan, Networking and Engagement

# How to collect and track qualitative data



Prepare a question guide



Thorough note-taking and/or audio record the discussion



Capture direct quotes

#### How to Facilitate an Interview or Focus Group

- Pilot test your questions
- Allow for semi-structured discussion
- Moderator does not participate in the content of the discussion
- Call on shy folks, ask louder folks to step back

- Ask probing questions
  - Tell me more about that
  - Could you give me an example?
  - So it sounds like... Is that right?
  - I don't understand

# Interview or Focus Group Question Guide Example

- Think back over all the years that you've participated and tell us your fondest memory. (The most enjoyable memory.)
- 3. Think back over the past year of the things that (name of organization) did. What went particularly well?
- 4. What needs improvement?
- 5. If you were inviting a friend to participate in (name of organization), what would you say in the invitation?
- 6. Suppose that you were in charge and could make one change that would make the program better. What would you do?
- 7. What can each one of us do to make the program better?

- Avoid leading questions
- Ask open-ended questions
- Ask 'How?' rather than 'Why?'

## Open-Ended Question Example

What did your coalition do this quarter to address cultural competency in your strategies and activities?

The coalition made sure that we were being cultural competent by making sure messaging was delivered in languages that reached all our community members.

# Oftenoverlooked logistics

Comfortable, accessible environment

Set ground rules

If possible, gather participant demographic data

Keep focus group participants to 5-10 people

Consent form and disclaimers

Resources available for support



- Participant biases
  - Friendliness bias
  - Social desirability bias

- Coordinator biases
  - Confirmation bias
  - Question-order bias
  - Leading questions and wording

### Best-practices to reduce bias







Discussion & Chat Box Activity!

1. Any 'AHA!' Moments so far? If so, please share!

# Discussion & Chat Box Activity!

1. Any 'AHA!' Moments so far? If so, please share!

2. What are you still hoping to learn in this training?



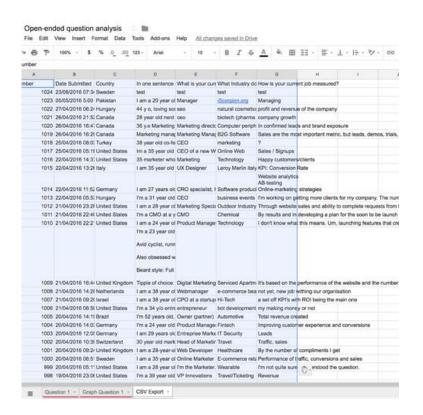
Break

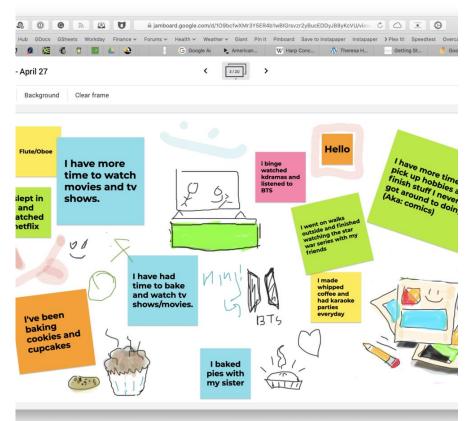


 How do we find people to share their story?

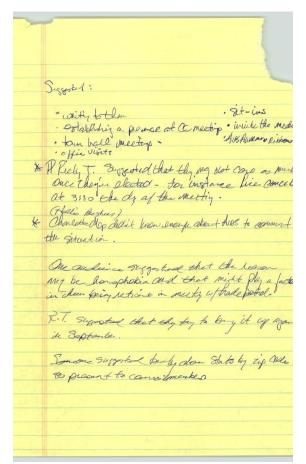


- How do we find people to share their story?
  - List coalition roster, coalition newsletter, school list
  - Nominations
  - Snowball samples
  - Random telephone screening
  - Ads in newspapers and bulletin boards
  - Hand-written notes
  - Social media posts





# How to process qualitative data?







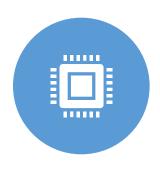
Highlight, Summarize, Organize notes



Ongoing meetings with group doing the data collection



Member checks



Use coding software

How to process qualitative data?



1. Create a visual network



2. Create a table



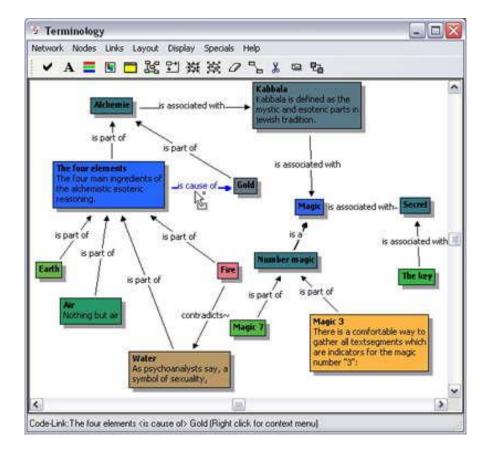
3. Create a Word Cloud



4. Write a report



5. Create an infographic





1. Create a visual network

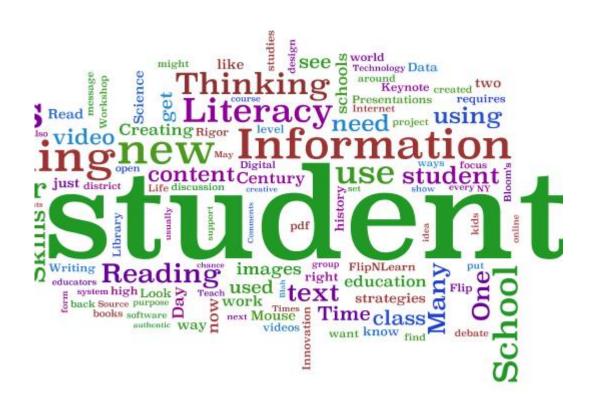


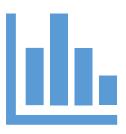
#### 2. Create a table

	Themes	Quotations					
)	Trust	'It took a long time for me to trust my pediatric doctor and I had such a personal relationship with her that I didn't want to tell a new doctor about all my embarrassing problems.'	'I like the adult setting I trust [my adult provider]. I feel like he monitors me well and keeps me in a good place health-wise.'	'I trust [my current GI provider] with my life.'			
	Communication	'Again, I think communication between [pediatric and adult] doctors is key, and can be difficult to attain with some.'	'We had talked about transitioning for years, and once I was healthy enough to switch doctors, we knew it was the right time.'	'My mother always came with me [to my appointments]. She always voiced an opinion'			
	Comfort	'Wonderful experience with an adult GI provider.Very inviting and comfortable.'	'My pediatric GI physician knew that I was worried about changing physicians and made sure that I was completely comfortable before officially transferring everything over.'	'I was nervous about transitioning to an adult setting because I was concerned it would be more cold and I would become a number.'			
	Autonomy and parent presence	'I think the hardest part was not the building the relationship with the doctor, but changing the relationship with my parent '	'My mother likes to join me from time to time Now that I am older and financially independent, I prefer if she is not present.'	'When I was in pediatric care, my mother always attended every appointment. I always felt like she talked more than I did.'			

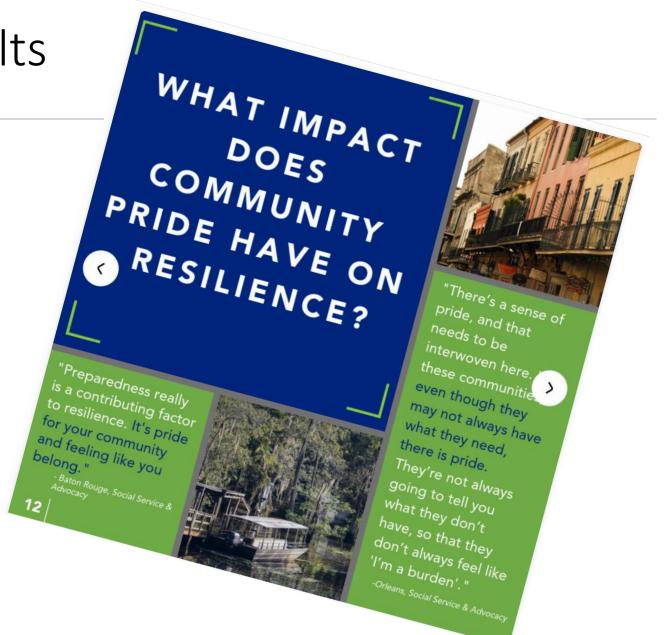


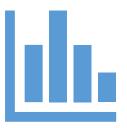
#### 3. Create a Word Cloud



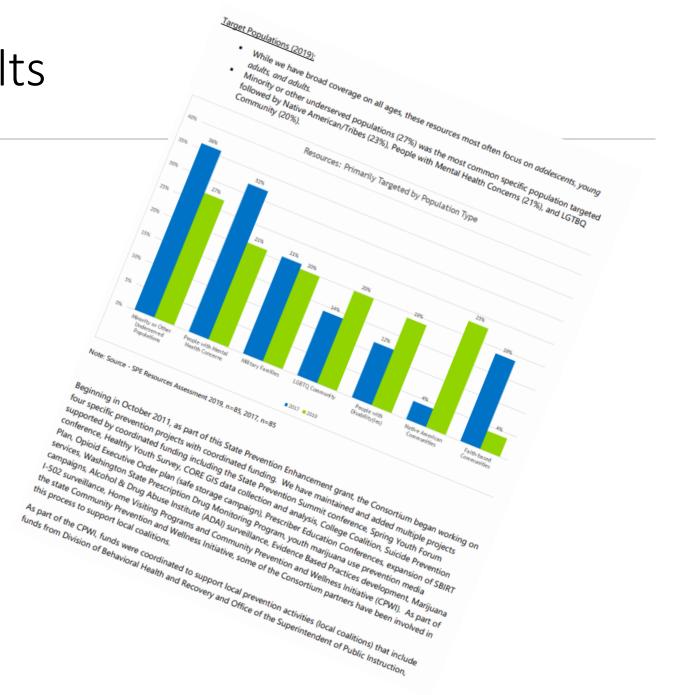


4. Write a report



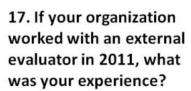


4. Write a report

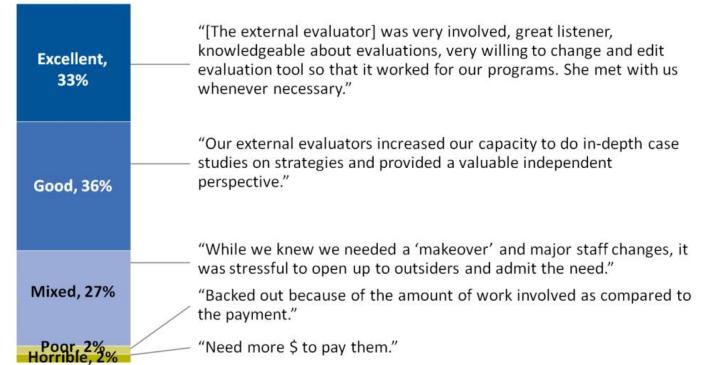




#### 4. Write a report

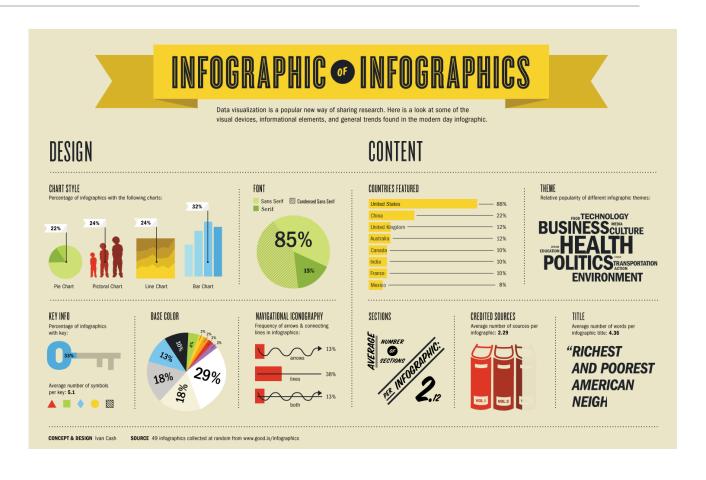


#### 18/19. Why do you think the experience was/wasn't positive?





#### 5. Create an infographic



<sup>\*</sup>Free online tools including Canva

## How could qualitative data link to your Prevention Programming?



## How could qualitative data link to your Prevention Programming?

- Provide local context for Strategic Planning, especially if quantitative data is suppressed
- Shape programming on action plan
- Elevate community voices
- Facilitate discussion with policy makers
- Gather feedback on public awareness campaigns
- Build opportunities for outreach and networking
- So much more!

### Activity!

- Grab your action plan and/or strategic plan
- Consider how you could apply today's training information to your DBHR Prevention efforts
- Brainstorm a qualitative data collection project

Troubleshooting!

What challenges have you encountered in this work?

What barriers could you see coming up?

# Looking for more?

### COREQ (COnsolidated criteria for REporting Qualitative research) Checklist

A checklist of items that should be included in reports of qualitative research. You must report the page number in your manuscript where you consider each of the items listed in this checklist. If you have not included this information, either revise your manuscript. efore submitting or note N/A.

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Michael Quinn Parton	Credentials	3	What w	as their occupation: e researcher male or female? experience or training did the researcher have?		
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	Interview guide		1,			
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Taylor & Francis

## How patients perceive the relationship between trauma, substance Nele Gielen<sup>1,2</sup>, Anja Krumeich<sup>3</sup>, Mignon Tekelenburg<sup>4</sup>, Chantal Nederkoorn<sup>2</sup>, and Remco C Havermans<sup>2</sup>

Mondriaan, Trauma and Addiction, Heerlen, the Netherlands, Department of Clinical Psychological Science, Facus

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A GUIDE FOR SOCIAL ECTENCE STUDENTS & RESEARCHERS

JANE RITCHIE

RACHEL ORMSTON

CAROL McNAUGHTON NICHOLLS

JANE LEWIS

In this qualitative study, patients with comorbid substance use disorder (SUD) and post-In this qualitative study, patients with comorbid substance use disorder (SUD) and post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) were interviewed on their ideas about the link between traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) were interviewed on their ideas about the link between clip and PTSD. Although they clearly reported self-medication, they also gave a more complex. QUALITATIVE

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have been the foc for SUD patients iew articles the complexity ( nd PTSD in railsford & t al., 2012). acilities still SUD/PTSD

Qualitative Data Collection Tools

Design, Development, and Applications Felice D. Billups

OUAHAHYE RESEARCH MEHODS 100-11

#### Resources

- <u>Duke Initiative on Survey Methodology Qual.</u>
   <u>Interviewing Tipsheet</u>
- Center for Community College Student
   Engagement Focus Group Guide
- Designing and Conducting Focus Group Interviews
- The Coding Manual for Qualitative Researchers
- Email us © <u>Miranda.Pollock@hca.wa.gov</u> <u>Tyler.Watson@hca.wa.gov</u>

# Thank you!

## Questions?

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