



Prevention Learning Community Meeting

Hosted by: Division of Behavioral Health and Recovery

January 22nd, 2020

9:00 a.m.-11:00 a.m.

3rd Hour training from 11:00 a.m.-12:00 p.m.

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| 9:00-9:05 a.m. 5 min | Welcome / Introduce new prevention providers to the call |
| 9:05-9:35 a.m. 30 min | <p>OSPI Communication</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OSPI Updates <i>Mandy Paradise</i> <p>DBHR Communication</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DBHR Updates <i>Kasey Kates</i> • Training updates <i>Endalkachew Abebaw</i> • CPP Recognition <i>Kasey Kates</i> |
| 9:35-9:45 a.m. 10 min | 2020 Prevention Summit <i>Kasey Kates/Angie Funaiole</i> |
| 9:45-9:55 a.m. 10 min | MHPP and CBO Grantees <i>Jennifer Hogge</i> |
| 9:55-10:05 a.m. 10 min | Community Survey Update <i>Sandy Salivaras</i> |
| 10:05-10:10 a.m. 5 min | Community Highlight: Auburn <i>Antonio Edwards</i> |
| 10:10-10:20 a.m. 10 min | Listening Session <i>Sarah Mariani</i> |
| 10:20-10:50 a.m. 30 min | Legislative Session 2020 <i>Sarah Mariani</i> |

3rd Hour Training – Federal Budget Briefing NASADAD

Hello New Attendees!



- Jennifer Hogge, Policy and Program Supervisor (MHPP/Integration)
- Lauren Bendall, Prevention System Project Manager
- Jennifer Giuntini, Prevention System Manager
- Isaac Wulff, Prevention System Manager
- Cohort 4 Fellows: Grace Wilkowski, Rachel Oliver, Sabrina DiGennaro, and Samantha Pangelinan
- Others? Please raise your hand.

Mandy Paradise | Prevention Intervention Program Supervisor | OSPI

OSPI Communication



OSPI Updates



Mandy Paradise

Prevention-Intervention
Program Supervisor

Link to pre-recorded update:

<https://youtu.be/4QDtwGHeiWw>

Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction

Chris Reykdal, State Superintendent

Kasey Kates | Tribal and CPWI Implementation Supervisor | HCA/DBHR

DBHR Communication

Updates from DBHR

- What is one word that describes your goal(s) for 2020?
 - Go to www.menti.com and use the code **80 25 38** to respond.
- CADCA's Annual Survey of Coalitions is live now: <https://www.cadca.org/annual-survey>.
- PFS Grant FY 2020: <https://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grant-announcements/sp-20-002>.
- Update on SOR funding.

2020 LCM Schedule

| Month | Date |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| January | January 22 nd |
| March | March 25 th |
| May | At Coalition Leadership Institute |
| August | August 26 th |
| October | October 28 th |
| November | November 4 th (tentative) |

Posted at <https://www.theathenaforum.org/training-calendar/month>

Endalkachew Abebaw | DBHR Fellow | HCA/DBHR

Training Announcements

Training Announcements

| Training | Date(s)/Location |
|--|----------------------------------|
| DBHR New Contractors Fiscal/A-19 Training | Jan. 27 Olympia, WA |
| DBHR MIS Minerva Training | Jan. 28 Olympia, WA |
| CADCA National Leadership Forum & SAMHSA 16 th Prevention Day | Feb. 3-6 National Harbor, MD |
| 2020 UNITY Midyear Conference | Feb. 14-17 Temple, AZ |
| Spring Youth Forum | May 19-20 Great Wolf Lodge, WA |
| Coalition Leadership Institute | May 26-28 Lacey, WA |
| WA SAPST - Registration coming soon | March 30-April 2 May 18-22 |

Check out the Training Calendar for details!
www.TheAthenaForum.org/calendar/training-opportunities

Kasey Kates | Tribal and CPWI Implementation Supervisor | HCA/DBHR

CPP Recognition

Newly Certified Prevention Professionals (CPP)

- **Please raise your hand if you have received your APP or are a newly certified CPP!**
- Congrats to Mari Irvan, Prevention Fellow on receiving her APP!

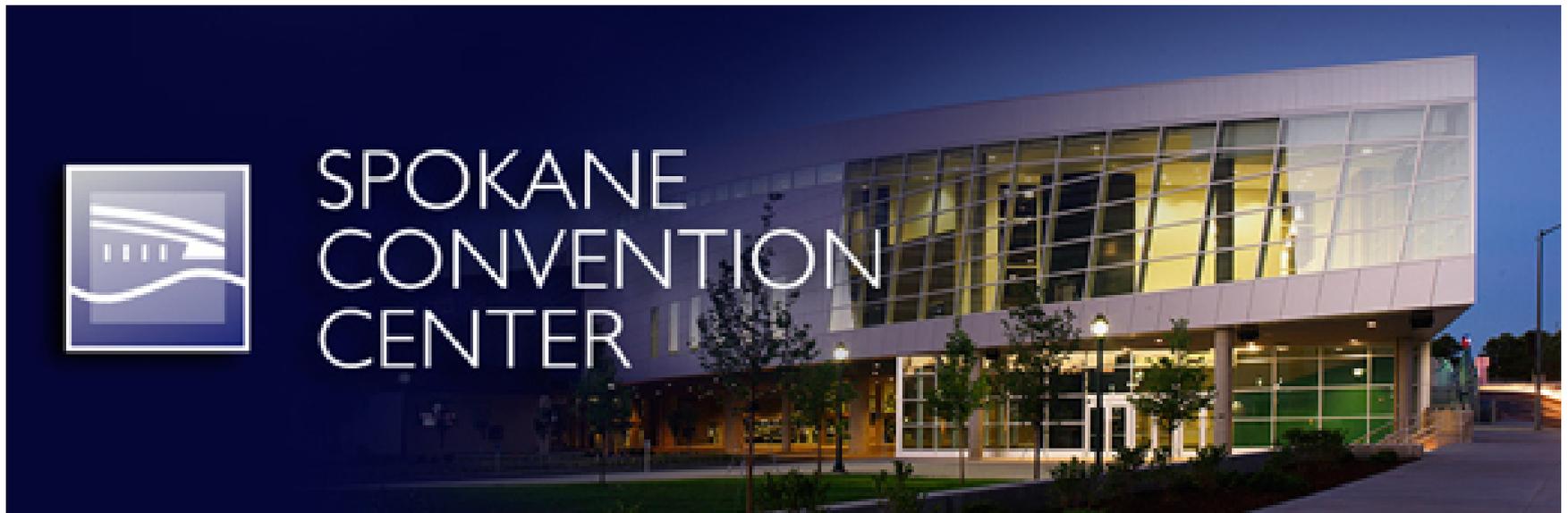


Kasey Kates | Tribal and CPWI Implementation Supervisor | HCA/DBHR
Angie Funaiole | Prevention System Manager | HCA/DBHR

2020 Prevention Summit

2020 Prevention Summit

November 2nd-4th



Questions?
Angie Funaiole, angie.funaiole@hca.wa.gov

Jennifer Hogge | Policy and Program Supervisor | HCA/DBHR

New CBO Grantees

SOR Grantees

Funded through 9/29/20:

- Boys and Girls Club of Washington State Association
- Inspiring Here and Now
- Youth and Family Link
- Foundation of District #304

DMA Grantees

Funded through 6/30/21:

- Boys and Girls Club of Washington State Association
- Children's Discovery Foundation
- Capital Region Educational Service District #113
- Pacific County
- Lopez Island Family Resource Center
- Skagit County Public Health
- Skagit County Public Hospital District #304
- Lewis County
- County of San Juan
- Youth Services of Kittitas

MHPP Grantees

Funded through 6/30/21:

- Benton-Franklin Health District
- Capital Region Educational Service District #113
- Cascade Community Services
- Educational Service District #105
- Lifeline Connections
- Mount Adams School District #209
- Montesano School District
- Lewis County
- Monroe School District #103
- Quality Behavioral Health
- Skagit County Public Health
- Spokane Tribal Network
- Thurston County Public Health and Social Services Department
- United General District #304
- Walla Walla County Department of Community Health
- Whatcom Family and Community Network
- YMCA of Greater Seattle

Resources

- CBO Check in Calls to be scheduled
- Fiscal and Minerva training reminder
- The Athena Forum
<https://www.theathenaforum.org/>
- The Athena Forum Calendar
<https://www.theathenaforum.org/training-calendar/month>

Sandy Salivaras | Research and Evaluation Manager | HCA/DBHR

Community Survey Updates

Great Work Coalitions!

- Statewide, 17,135 surveys were collected
- 88% of the communities reached their respondent goal (100% of target achieved or greater)



Congratulations



- You exceeded your goal – over 150%!

| County | CPWI Community | Number of Minimum Required Surveys | Final Respondent Counts | % of Target achieved |
|--------------|----------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Asotin | Clarkston | 180 | 272 | 151% |
| Benton | Prosser | 180 | 290 | 161% |
| Chelan | Wenatchee | 215 | 420 | 195% |
| Clark | Washougal | 180 | 239 | 183% |
| Ferry | Republic | 100 | 152 | 152% |
| Garfield | Pomeroy | 100 | 194 | 194% |
| Grant | Wahluke | 140 | 271 | 194% |
| Grays Harbor | Hoquiam | 140 | 268 | 191% |
| Kitsap | Bremerton | 215 | 341 | 159% |
| Mason | Shelton | 180 | 276 | 153% |
| Okanogan | Omak | 140 | 252 | 180% |
| Pacific | South bend | 100 | 160 | 160% |
| Pend Oreille | Newport | 140 | 228 | 163% |
| San Juan | San Juan | 140 | 253 | 181% |
| Skagit | Mt Vernon | 215 | 483 | 225% |
| Whatcom | Bellingham | 250 | 387 | 155% |

Success Stories (from the field)

- Sharing ideas & tips: **What helped you to exceed your goal?**
 - Tish Morales – Skagit/Mt Vernon
 - Cynthia Stark-Wickman – San Juan/San Juan
 - Others?

Next Steps:

- Late March/early April: Survey results reports sent to coordinators

Upcoming:

- Core Survey Questionnaire Revision online feedback
- Added questions for next administration

Antonio Edwards | Prevention System Manager | HCA/DBHR

Community Highlight: Auburn

Sarah Mariani | Section Manager | HCA/DBHR

Listening Session

Listening Session

- Optional offering as part of the Provider Meeting on November 5th, 2019.
- Co-led by Keri Waterland, Director and Michael Langer, Deputy Director.
- Purpose was to learn more about the integration of DBHR / HCA and agency priorities as well as an opportunity to engage in dialogue with DBHR leadership.

Key themes

- Administrative/funding challenges
- Kudos for positive communication between providers and DBHR staff
- Feedback about RFA requirements and process
- Sustainability
- Additional prevention opportunities
- Next steps? Time for a poll!

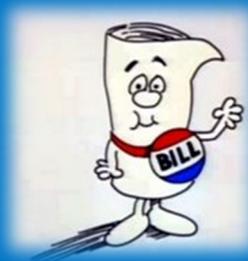
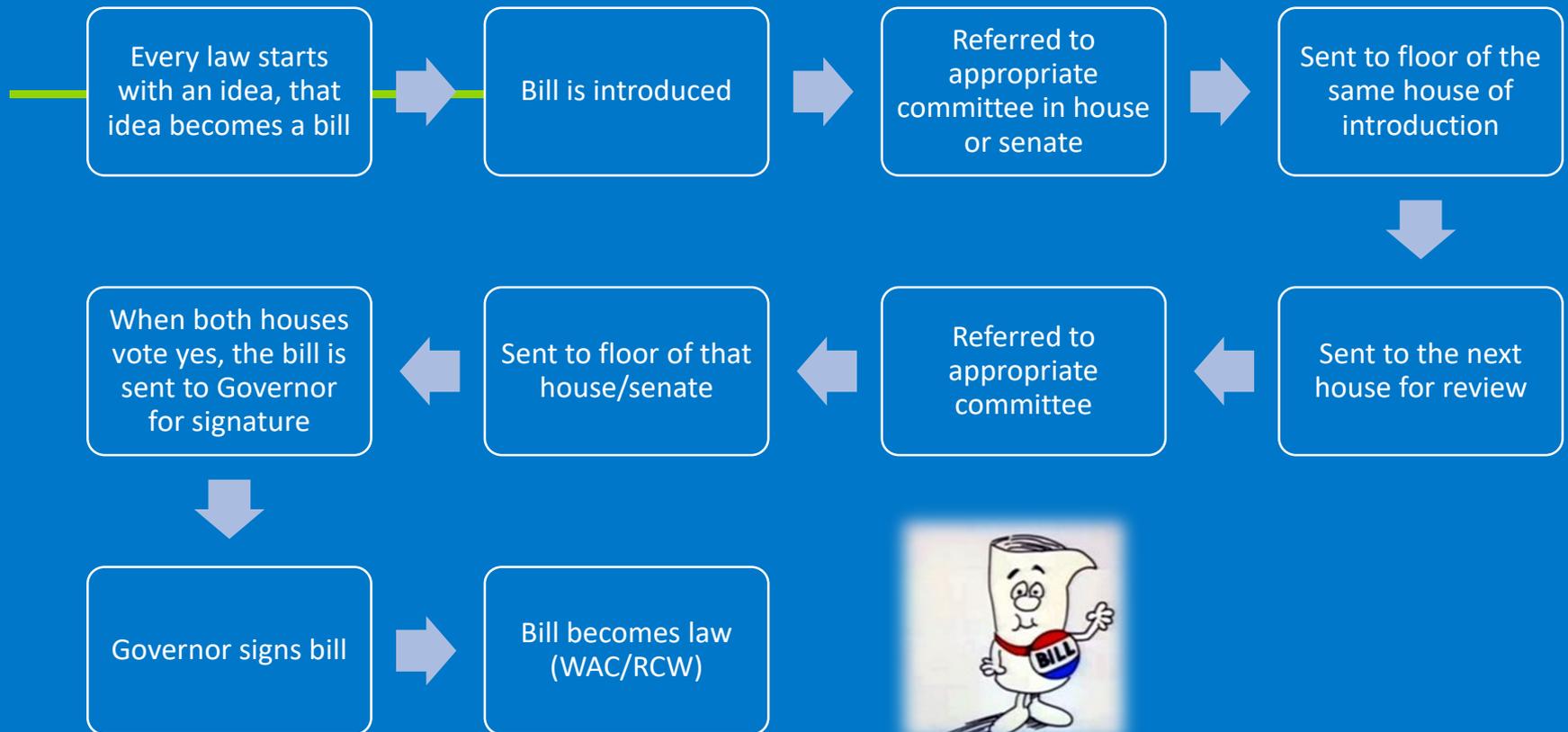
Sarah Mariani | Section Manager | HCA/DBHR

2020 Healthy Youth Survey

Sarah Mariani | Section Manager | HCA/DBHR

2020 Legislative Session

How a Bill Becomes a Law



Important dates

| January 13, 2020 | First Day of Session! |
|-------------------------|---|
| February 7, 2020 | Last day to read in committee reports (pass bills out of committee and read them into the record on the floor) in house of origin, except House fiscal committees and Senate Ways & Means and Transportation committees. |
| February 11, 2020 | Last day to read in committee reports (pass bills out of committee and read them into the record on the floor) from House fiscal committees and Senate Ways & Means and Transportation committees in house of origin. |
| February 19, 2020 | Last day to consider (pass) bills in house of origin (5 p.m.). |
| February 28, 2020 | Last day to read in committee reports (pass bills out of committee and read them into the record on the floor) from opposite house, except House fiscal committees and Senate Ways & Means and Transportation committees. |
| March 2, 2020 | Last day to read in opposite house committee reports (pass bills out of committee and read them into the record on the floor) from House fiscal committees and Senate Ways & Means and Transportation committees. |
| March 6, 2020 | Last day to consider (pass) opposite house bills (5 p.m.) (except initiatives and alternatives to initiatives, budgets and matters necessary to implement budgets, differences between the houses, and matters incident to the interim and closing of the session). |
| March 12, 2020 | Last day allowed for regular session under state constitution. |

| Topic | Number | Title | Description |
|---------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| Alcohol | HB 2192 | Complimentary liquor by short term rental operators | Establishes a special permit from the Liquor and Cannabis Board (LCB) to allow short-term rental operators to provide a complimentary bottle of wine to rental guests 21 years of age or older. |
| Alcohol | HB 2204 (companion SB 6104) | The creation of a limited spirits retail license | Creates a limited spirits retail license, available to eligible grocery store liquor licensees, authorizing the licensee to sell bottled spirits at retail for off-premises consumption, to permit holders, and to export spirits. |
| Alcohol | HB 2221 | Small winery tax relief | Exempts the first 20,000 gallons of wine sold by certain wineries from wine liter taxes, except for amounts designated for the Washington Wine Commission and Washington State University. |
| Alcohol | HB 2235 | The sale of liquor at sports entertainment facilities | Modifies the sports entertainment facility liquor license, including authorizing practice facilities of professional sports teams to qualify for the license, and providing for additional types of permitted alcoholic beverages (mixed spirits) to be sold at facilities. Creates a select alternating license to enable a distillery, craft distillery, winery, or combination of these licensees to operate an off-site tasting room on the premises of a sports entertainment facility licensee. |
| Alcohol | HB 2319 | Sale of liquor in kegs or containers containing four or more gallons of liquor | Removes language related to keg registration law. |
| Alcohol | HB 2412 | Concerning domestic brewery and microbrewery retail licenses | Increases number of retail licenses for breweries and microbreweries from two to four. |
| Alcohol | HB 2502 | Concerning low-proof alcoholic beverages | Adds a definition of low-proof beverage. Adds a new section regarding the distribution and sale of low-proof beverages. |

| Topic | Number | Title | Description |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| Alcohol | SB 5549 (companion HB 1141) | Modernizing resident distillery marketing and sales restrictions | Adds privileges to distilleries, including additional tasting rooms. |
| Alcohol | SB 6035 | Liquor license employees | Expands alcohol access to all theatres with conditions. |
| Alcohol | SB 6095 (companion HB 2686) | Excluding the common carrier licensees from the definition of retailer for the purpose of the three-tier system | Removes “interstate common carrier’s licenses” from being considered retailers. |
| Alcohol | SB 6173 | Regarding the sale of beer for off-premises consumption | Allows clubs licensed under 70.62 RCW with overnight sleeping accommodations to sell liquor by the bottle to registered guests of the club. |
| Alcohol | SB 6188 | Concerning the consumption of alcohol for certain special events held on agricultural fairgrounds | Adds "community fairs" to the type of events that could qualify under a special occasion license |
| Alcohol | SB 6325 | Creating a new on-premises endorsement of domestic wineries, domestic breweries and microbreweries | Creates a new endorsement that allows wineries to serve up to three offerings of beer to customers, and breweries and microbreweries to serve up to three offerings of wine to customers. |
| Marijuana | SB 6206 (companion HB 2359) | Creating a certificate of compliance for marijuana business premises that meet the statutory qualifications at the time of application | Modifies the LCB enforcement capabilities regarding marijuana licensees. Expands the technical assistance/education components. Changes penalty structure. |

| Topic | Number | Title | Description |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| Marijuana | HB 2199 | Modernizing resident distillery marketing and sales restrictions | Adds language around the issuing of new or renewed marijuana licenses for premises that have a written objection. |
| Marijuana | HB 2247 | Concerning marijuana use in guest rooms of hotels, motels, and inns in violation of the owner or operator's rules | Restrictions around marijuana use in guest rooms. |
| Marijuana | HB 2263 (companion SB 6085) | Expanding opportunities for marijuana businesses by removing residency barriers and providing access to capital for minority and women-owned businesses through a fee on certain investments | Eliminates the six-month residency requirement for marijuana licenses. Authorizes out-of-state ownership of licensed marijuana businesses. Requires the collection of a 1 percent transaction fee on any financial contribution in excess of \$500,000 made by an investor or financier to a licensed marijuana business. Establishes the Marijuana Equity Loan Program (Program) under the Department of Commerce to assist minority and women-owned business enterprises in accessing the marijuana market and expanding existing marijuana businesses. |
| Marijuana | HB 2279 | Improving the development of the marijuana market by enacting provisions specific to craft cannabis production | Adds new sections to 69.50 to include a reduced application and license fee for craft marijuana applicants for social equity purposes. Establishes advisory group for craft marijuana producers and processors. |
| Marijuana | HB 2296 | Concerning the regulation of hemp, including products derived from hemp | Prohibits a food from being declared adulterated due to including hemp, cannabinoids, extracts or hemp derivatives. |
| Marijuana | HB 2300 (companion SB 6269) | Authorizing marijuana retailers to sell cannabidiol products | Authorizes licensed marijuana retail outlets to sell cannabidiol products, subject to potency, pesticide, and heavy metal testing requirements. |
| Marijuana | HB 2321 (SB 6333) | Reducing youth access to products intended for consumption only by adults age twenty-one and over | Adds privileges to distilleries, including additional tasting rooms. |

| Topic | Number | Title | Description |
|-----------|---------|--|---|
| Marijuana | HB 2350 | Preventing youth marijuana consumption by updating marijuana advertising requirements | Adds privileges to distilleries, including additional tasting rooms. |
| Marijuana | HB 2359 | Creating a certificate of compliance for marijuana business premises that meet the statutory qualifications at the time of application | Expands alcohol access to all theatres with conditions. |
| Marijuana | HB 2361 | Concerning cannabis industry workplace standards | Adds a new requirement to license renewals for marijuana producers, marijuana processors, marijuana retailers, and marijuana transportation licensees. Requires these licensees to have business practices, employee benefits, or policies sufficient to earn at least 100 points as provided in the bill to renew their license. |
| Marijuana | HB 2546 | Concerning the potency of marijuana products | Limits THC potency of marijuana concentrates to 10% or less |
| Marijuana | HB 2612 | Modifying the regulated marijuana system | Edits definitions for what constitutes illegal personal marijuana possession for medical use. Removes language around seeking “standard treatments or medications.” Qualified patients and providers will no longer need to be entered into the medical marijuana authorization database or have their recognition card. |
| Marijuana | SB 6057 | Concerning price differentials in the sale of marijuana | Prohibits licensed marijuana businesses from discriminating in the price of marijuana sold to other licensees, except when based on certain bona fide business factors |
| Marijuana | SB 6089 | Creating a task force on marijuana odor | Task force to address issues including odors/emissions and harmful impacts. |

| Topic | Number | Title | Description |
|-------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Tobacco/ Vapor | HB 2454 (Companion 6254) | Protecting public health and safety by enhancing the regulation of vapor products. | Would ban all flavored tobacco and non-THC vapor, including menthol. This bill also enhances multiple other protections related to limiting access of vapor products to those under the age of 21. |
| Tobacco/ Vapor | SB 6489 | Relating to possession of vapor, vapor products, tobacco, and tobacco products by persons under the age of twenty-one. | Would require that if someone under 21 is caught in possession of tobacco or vapor, that law enforcement: 1- Would be able to seize the product; and, 2- Must provide 2 pieces of documentation to the person under 21: *- Documentation describing the seized product; *- Written information on cessation resources. |
| Mental Health | HB 2411 | Preventing suicide. | Requires advanced suicide prevention training for certain mental health professionals. Requires training for optometrists and veterinarians. |
| Mental Health | SB 6159 (Companion 2375) | Tableting and encapsulating machines and controlled substance imitation materials. | Provides definitions for controlled substance imitation materials, encapsulating machine, and tableting machine. Provides language around penalties. |
| Mental Health | SB 6258 (Companion 2754) | Addressing the suicide and addiction crisis among American Indians and Alaska Natives. | Provides language to address this issue by including Indian health care providers among entities eligible to receive resources. Strengthens crisis coordination. |
| Opioid | HB 2438 | Establishment of the prescription opioid impact account | Creates the Prescription Opioid Impact Account (Account) for programs and activities to address opioid misuse and abuse. |
| HYS | SB 6191 | Assessing the prevalence of adverse childhood experiences in middle and high school students to inform decision making and improve services. | Requires the Healthy Youth Survey to incorporate the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's behavioral risk factor surveillance system (BFRSS) adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) module questions related to adverse childhood experiences into the Healthy Youth Survey |

Resources

- ▶ Bill information page: <https://app.leg.wa.gov/billinfo/>
- ▶ TVW: <https://www.tvw.org/>
- ▶ Agendas, Schedules and Calendars:
<http://leg.wa.gov/legislature/Pages/Calendar.aspx>
- ▶ Healthy Gen Health Policy Newsletter: <https://healthygen.org/resources/>.
- ▶ WASVAP: <https://wasavp.org/>
- ▶ 5 steps to making a bill into a law in Washington State:
<https://www.king5.com/article/news/politics/state-politics/5-steps-to-making-a-bill-into-a-law-in-washington-state/281-d66b4171-a3b7-4eff-8ad8-33755781ed8d>
- ▶ How to contact your state lawmakers—and other fun facts:
<https://www.heraldnet.com/news/how-to-contact-your-state-lawmakers-and-other-fun-facts-2/>

Break!

**Up Next: 3rd Hour Training
Federal Budget Briefing NASADAD
11:00-12:00 PM**

We will begin again at 11:15!

Federal Budget & Appropriations Process

WASHINGTON HCA PREVENTION LEARNING COMMUNITY

JANUARY 22, 2020

ROBERT MORRISON, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/DIRECTOR OF LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS

SHALINI WICKRAMATILAKE-TEMPLEMAN, FEDERAL AFFAIRS MANAGER



Objectives:

to better understand...

- NASADAD and its members
- Federal funding process
 - President's proposed budget
 - Congressional appropriations
- Current funding levels of key SUD programs

Overview of National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors

NASADAD is a private, not-for-profit, educational, scientific, and informational organization.

Mission: **promote effective and efficient publicly funded State substance use disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery systems.**

Office in Washington, D.C.

- Research and Program Applications Department
- Public Policy Department

Governed by Board of Directors

- Cassandra Price (GA), President
- Mark Stringer (MO), Public Policy Committee Chair



What do we do?



Serve as the national voice of State substance use agencies



Foster partnerships among States, federal agencies, and other key national organizations



Develop and disseminate knowledge of innovative substance use programs, policies, and practices



Promote key competencies of effective State substance use agencies



Promote increased public understanding of prevention, treatment, and recovery processes and

NASADAD Component Groups

Under the
NASADAD umbrella
are special interest
groups that
represent State
alcohol & drug
agency staff:



Prevention
Coordinators



Treatment
Coordinators



Women's Services
Coordinators



State Opioid
Treatment
Authorities (SOTAs)



Youth
Coordinators



HIV Coordinators

Federal Budget and Appropriations Process

President's Proposed Budget

Typically in **February**, the **President submits to Congress a detailed budget request for the coming fiscal year**, which begins on October 1.

Budget outlines the Administration's **overarching priorities** for federal programs

Budget must recommend funding levels for annually appropriated programs (aka discretionary programs).

- **These discretionary programs fall under the jurisdiction of the House and Senate Appropriations Committees.**
- President does not need to make recommendations for mandatory funding (e.g. mandatory/entitlement programs and taxes)

Setting Spending Limits



Congress **holds hearings in February and March** to ask Administration officials about their budget requests and, then Congress develops its own budget plan, called a “budget resolution.”



Budget resolution **sets overall spending targets** for other congressional committees (e.g. Appropriations Committee) that can propose legislation that directly provides spending.



Outlines how much Congress is supposed to spend in each spending category, and how much total revenue the government will collect.

12 Appropriations Subcommittees with jurisdiction over particular agencies

1. Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies;
2. Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies;
3. Defense;
4. Energy and Water Development, and Related Agencies;
5. Financial Services and General Government;
6. Homeland Security;
7. Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies;
8. Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies ("Labor-H");
9. Legislative Branch;
10. Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies;
11. State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs; and
12. Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies.

Congressional Appropriators

Senate Committee on Appropriations



Chairman Richard Selby
(R-AL)



Vice Chairman Patrick
Leahy (D-VT)

➤ Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies



Chairman Roy
Blunt (R-MO)



Ranking Member Patty Murray
(D-WA)

House Committee on Appropriations



Chairwoman Nita
Lowey (D-NY)



Ranking Member Kay Granger
(R-TX)

➤ Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies



Chairwoman Rosa DeLauro
(D-CT)



Ranking Member Tom Cole
(R-OK)

Labor-HHS Subcommittees have jurisdiction over...



SAMHSA
Substance Abuse and Mental Health
Services Administration

HRSA
Health Resources & Services Administration



NIH National Institute
on Alcohol Abuse
and Alcoholism



NIH National Institute
on Drug Abuse

...and more.

Final Steps

After passing the **subcommittee level**, Labor-HHS bill is considered by the **full Appropriations Committee**.

All 12 appropriations bills are supposed to be passed in “**regular order**”—full passage through both House and Senate and signed by the President by the start of the **federal fiscal year on October 1st**.

In recent years, failure to provide appropriations by that date have resulted in continuing resolutions (CRs)—stopgap funding bills that keep the government funded at the previous fiscal year’s funding levels.

- FY 2019 spending bill passed before the fiscal year began on Oct. 1, 2018

FY 2020
APPROPRIATIONS

Current status



FY 2020 (Oct. 1, 2019-Sept. 30, 2020) Appropriations Process

As passed in final FY 2020 appropriations package...

Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Block Grant

| Program | FY 18 | FY 2019 | President's FY 20 Request | House Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Senate Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Final FY 2020 Appropriations | FY 2020 vs. FY 2019 |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|---------------------|
| SAPT Block Grant | \$1,858,079,000 | \$1,858,079,000 | \$1,858,079,000 | \$1,858,079,000 | \$1,858,079,000 | \$1,858,079,000 | Level |

Additional Opioids Allocation

| Program | FY 18 | FY 2019 | President's FY 20 Request | House Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Senate Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Final FY 2020 Appropriations | FY 2020 vs. FY 2019 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|---------------------|
| State Targeted Response (STR) to the Opioid Crisis Grants | \$500,000,000 | Not funded | Not funded | Not funded | Not funded | Not funded | Level |
| State Opioid Response (SOR) Grants | \$1,000,000,000 | \$1,500,000,000 | \$1,500,000,000 | \$1,500,000,000 | \$1,500,000,000 | \$1,500,000,000 | Level |

“The agreement includes bill language to **make addressing stimulant abuse an allowable use of [SOR] funds while maintaining the existing formula.**”

SAMHSA's Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT)

| Program | FY 18 | FY 19 | President's FY 20 Request | House FY 20 Recommendation | Senate Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Final FY 2020 Appropriations | FY 2020 vs. FY 2019 |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| CSAT PRNS TOTAL | \$403,427,000 | \$458,677,000 | \$429,888,000 | \$483,177,000 | \$474,677,000 | \$477,677,000 | +\$19,000,000 |
| Addiction Technology Transfer Centers (ATTCs) | \$9,046,000 | \$9,046,000 | \$9,046,000 | \$9,046,000 | \$9,046,000 | \$9,046,000 | Level |
| Building Communities of Recovery | \$5,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | \$6,000,000 | \$7,000,000 | \$7,000,000 | \$8,000,000 | +\$2,000,000 |
| Children and Families | \$29,605,000 | \$29,605,000 | \$29,605,000 | \$29,605,000 | \$29,605,000 | \$29,605,000 | Level |
| Comprehensive Opioid Recovery Centers | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$10,000,000 | N/A | Funded within CMHS (\$2 million) | N/A |
| Criminal Justice Activities | \$89,000,000 | \$89,000,000 | \$89,000,000 | \$89,000,000 | \$89,000,000 | \$89,000,000 | Level |
| <i>Drug Courts</i> | \$70,000,000 | \$70,000,000 | \$70,000,000 | \$70,000,000 | \$70,000,000 | \$70,000,000 | Level |
| Emergency Dept. Alternatives to Opioids | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$4,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | +\$5,000,000 |
| First Responder Training* | \$36,000,000 | \$36,000,000 | \$36,000,000 | \$36,000,000 | \$41,000,000 | \$41,000,000 | Level |
| <i>Rural Focus*</i> | \$18,000,000 | \$18,000,000 | \$18,000,000 | \$18,000,000 | \$23,000,000 | \$23,000,000 | Level |
| Grants to Develop Curricula for DATA Act Waivers | N/A | N/A | \$4,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Grants to Prevent Prescription Drug/Opioid Overdose Related Deaths* | \$12,000,000 | \$12,000,000 | \$12,000,000 | \$12,000,000 | \$12,000,000 | \$12,000,000 | Level |
| Improving Access to Overdose Treatment | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | \$1,000,000 | Level |
| Minority AIDS | \$65,570,000 | \$65,570,000 | \$65,570,000 | \$65,570,000 | \$65,570,000 | \$65,570,000 | Level |
| Minority Fellowship | \$4,539,000 | \$4,789,000 | Not funded | \$4,789,000 | \$4,789,000 | \$4,789,000 | Level |

CSAT Programs (cont'd)

| Program | FY 18 | FY 19 | President's FY 20 Request | House FY 20 Recommendation | Senate Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Final FY 2020 Appropriations | FY 2020 vs. FY 2019 |
|---|--------------|---------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Opioid Treatment Programs/Regulatory Activities | \$8,724,000 | \$8,724,000 | \$8,724,000 | \$8,724,000 | \$8,724,000 | \$8,724,000 | Level |
| Peer Support Technical Assistance Center | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$2,000,000 | N/A | \$1,000,000 | +\$1,000,000 |
| Pregnant and Postpartum Women (PPW) | \$29,931,000 | \$29,931,000 | \$29,931,000 | \$29,931,000 | \$29,931,000 | \$31,931,000 | +\$2,000,000 |
| Preventing Overdoses in ERs | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$10,000,000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Recovery Community Services Program | \$2,434,000 | \$2,434,000 | \$2,434,000 | \$2,434,000 | \$2,434,000 | \$2,434,000 | Level |
| Regional CoE in SUD Education | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$2,000,000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral to Treatment (SBIRT) | \$30,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | Not funded | \$31,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | Level |
| Strengthening Community Crisis Response Systems | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$2,500,000 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Targeted Capacity Expansion (TCE) General | \$95,192,000 | \$100,192,000 | \$100,192,000 | \$100,192,000 | \$100,192,000 | \$100,192,000 | Level |
| Medication-Assisted Treatment for Prescription Drug and Opioid Addiction (MAT- PDOA) | \$84,000,000 | \$89,000,000 | \$89,000,000 | \$89,000,000 | \$89,000,000 | \$89,000,000 | Level |
| Treatment, Recovery, and Workforce Support | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$4,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | +\$4,000,000 |
| Treatment Systems for Homeless | \$36,386,000 | \$36,386,000 | \$36,386,000 | \$38,386,000 | \$36,386,000 | \$36,386,000 | Level |

Programs within NIH

National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA)

| Program | FY 18 | FY 2019 | President's FY 20 Request | House Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Senate Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Final FY 2020 Appropriations | FY 2020 vs. FY 2019 |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|---------------------|
| NIAAA | \$509,573,000 | \$525,591,000 | \$452,000,000 | \$551,278,000 | \$556,010,000 | \$545,373,000 | +\$19,782,000 |

National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA)

| Program | FY 18 | FY 2019 | President's FY 19 Request | House Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Senate Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Final FY 2020 Appropriations | FY 2020 vs. FY 2019 |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|---------------------|
| NIDA | \$1,383,603,000 | \$1,419,844,000 | \$1,296,000,000 | \$1,489,237,000 | \$1,490,498,000 | \$1,462,016,000 | +\$42,172,000 |

Centers for Disease Control & Prevention (CDC)

| Program | FY 18 | FY 2019 | President's FY 20 Request | House Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Senate Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Final FY 2020 Appropriations | FY 2020 vs. FY 2019 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|---------------------|
| HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention | \$1,127,278,000 | \$1,132,278,000 | \$1,318,056,000 | \$1,350,197,000 | \$1,270,056,000 | \$1,273,556,000 | +\$141,278,000 |
| <i>HIV Prevention by Health Departments</i> | \$397,161,000 | \$397,161,000 | Not listed | Not listed | \$537,161,000 | Not listed | Not listed |
| <i>School Health</i> | \$33,081,000 | \$33,081,000 | Not listed | \$50,000,000 | \$33,081,000 | \$33,081,000 | Level |
| Viral Hepatitis | \$39,000,000 | \$39,000,000 | \$39,000,000 | \$50,000,000 | \$39,000,000 | \$39,000,000 | Level |
| Infectious Diseases and the Opioid Epidemic | N/A | \$5,000,000 | \$58,000,000 | \$20,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | +\$5,000,000 |
| Sexually Transmitted Infections | \$157,310,000 | \$157,310,000 | \$157,310,000 | \$167,310,000 | \$157,310,000 | \$160,810,000 | +\$3,500,000 |
| Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion | \$1,162,896,000 | \$1,187,771,000 | \$951,000,000 | \$1,350,571,000 | \$1,151,821,000 | \$1,239,914,000 | +\$52,143,000 |
| <i>Tobacco</i> | \$210,000,000 | \$210,000,000 | Not funded | \$250,000,000 | \$210,000,000 | \$230,000,000 | +\$20,000,000 |
| <i>Excessive Alcohol Use</i> | \$4,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | Not funded | \$5,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | Level |
| <i>Prevention Research Centers</i> | \$25,461,000 | \$25,461,000 | Not funded | \$32,461,000 | \$25,461,000 | \$26,461,000 | +\$1,000,000 |
| Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities | \$140,560,000 | \$155,560,000 | \$112,000,000 | \$161,560,000 | \$159,560,000 | \$160,810,000 | +\$5,250,000 |
| <i>Fetal Alcohol Syndrome</i> | \$11,000,000 | \$11,000,000 | Not listed | \$11,000,000 | \$11,000,000 | \$11,000,000 | Level |
| <i>Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome</i> | N/A | \$2,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | \$2,000,000 | \$2,250,000 | +\$250,000 |
| Injury Prevention and Control | \$648,559,000 | \$648,559,000 | \$628,839,000 | \$704,059,000 | \$663,559,000 | \$677,379,000 | +\$28,820,000 |
| <i>Unintentional Injury</i> | \$8,800,000 | \$8,800,000 | \$6,737,000 | \$11,800,000 | \$8,800,000 | \$8,800,000 | Level |
| <i>Injury Prevention Activities</i> | \$28,950,000 | \$28,950,000 | \$20,293,000 | \$28,950,000 | \$28,950,000 | \$28,950,000 | Level |
| <i>Opioid Prescription Drug Overdose (PDO)</i> | \$475,579,000 | \$475,579,000 | \$475,579,000 | \$475,579,000 | \$475,579,000 | \$475,579,000 | Level |
| Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant | \$160,000,000 | \$160,000,000 | Not funded | \$160,000,000 | \$160,000,000 | \$160,000,000 | Level |

Health Resources & Services Administration (HRSA)

| Program | FY 18 | FY 2019 | President's FY 20 Request | House Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Senate Appropriations FY 20 Recommendation | Final FY 2020 Appropriations | FY 2020 vs. FY 2019 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Community Health Centers | \$1,625,522,000 | \$1,625,522,000 | \$1,625,522,000 | \$1,676,522,000 | \$1,626,522,000 | \$1,626,522,000 | Level |
| Interdisciplinary Community-Based Linkages | \$190,903,000 | \$191,903,000 | \$111,916,000 | <i>Not listed</i> | <i>Not listed</i> | \$220,903,000 | +\$29,000,000 |
| Maternal and Child Health Block Grant | \$651,700,000 | \$677,700,000 | \$660,700,000 | \$712,000,000 | \$677,700,000 | \$687,700,000 | +\$10,000,000 |
| Rural Health | \$290,794,000 | \$317,794,000 | \$188,645,000 | \$318,794,000 | \$311,794,000 | \$318,294,000 | +\$500,000 |
| <i>Rural Communities Opioids Response</i> | \$100,000,000 | \$120,000,000 | \$120,000,000 | \$100,000,000 | \$110,000,000 | \$110,000,000 | -\$10,000,000 |
| Telehealth | \$23,500,000 | \$24,500,000 | \$10,000,000 | \$28,500,000 | \$26,500,000 | \$29,000,000 | +\$4,500,000 |
| Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program | \$2,318,781,000 | \$2,318,781,000 | \$2,388,781,000 | \$2,435,157,000 | \$2,388,781,000 | \$2,388,781,000 | +\$70,000,000 |

Department of Justice Programs

(funded in Commerce, Justice, and Science [CJS] appropriations bill)

| Program | FY 18 | FY 2019 | President's FY 20 Request | House FY 20 Request | Senate Appropriations FY 20 Request | Final FY 2020 Appropriations | FY 2020 vs. FY 2019 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Drug Enforcement Administration | \$2,609,900,000 | \$2,687,703,000 | \$2,976,295,000 | \$2,800,000,000 | \$2,783,152,000 | \$2,722,295,000 | +\$34,592,000 |
| Office of Justice Programs (OJP): Research, Evaluation, and Statistics | \$80,000,000 | \$80,000,000 | \$94,500,000 | \$80,000,000 | \$80,000,000 | \$79,000,000 | -\$1,000,000 |
| OJP: State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance | \$1,677,500,000 | \$1,723,000,000 | \$1,482,200,000 | \$1,933,000,000 | \$1,789,790,000 | \$1,892,000,000 | +\$169,000,000 |
| <i>Byrne Justice Assistance Grants</i> | \$339,600,000 | \$329,600,000 | \$308,100,000 | \$530,250,000 | \$545,000,000 | \$348,800,000 | +\$19,200,000 |
| <i>Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Program (COAP)</i> | \$145,110,000 | \$157,000,000 | \$145,000,000 | \$166,200,000 | \$180,210,000 | \$180,150,000 | +\$23,150,000 |
| <i>Drug Courts</i> | \$75,000,000 | \$77,000,000 | \$75,000,000 | \$83,000,000 | \$80,000,000 | \$80,000,000 | +\$3,000,000 |
| <i>Justice and Mental Health Collaboration Program (Mentally Ill Offender Act [MIOTCRA])</i> | \$30,000,000 | \$31,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | \$37,220,000 | \$33,000,000 | \$33,000,000 | +\$2,000,000 |
| <i>Residential Substance Abuse Treatment (RSAT)</i> | \$30,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | \$33,000,000 | \$31,000,000 | \$31,160,000 | +\$1,160,000 |
| <i>Second Chance Act/Offender Reentry</i> | \$85,000,000 | \$88,000,000 | \$85,000,000 | \$106,500,000 | \$90,000,000 | \$90,000,000 | +\$2,000,000 |
| <i>Veterans Treatment Courts</i> | \$20,000,000 | \$22,000,000 | \$20,000,000 | \$25,000,000 | \$23,000,000 | \$23,000,000 | +\$1,000,000 |
| <i>Prescription Drug Monitoring</i> | \$30,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | \$30,000,000 | \$31,000,000 | \$31,000,000 | +\$1,000,000 |
| <i>Community Oriented Policing Systems (COPS)**</i> | \$275,500,000 | \$303,500,000 | N/A | \$323,000,000 | \$335,000,000 | \$343,000,000 | +\$39,500,000 |
| Juvenile Justice Programs | \$282,500,000 | \$287,800,000 | \$239,800,000 | \$359,109,000 | \$315,000,000 | \$320,000,000 | +\$32,200,000 |
| <i>Opioid Affected Youth</i> | \$8,000,000 | \$9,000,000 | \$5,000,000 | \$9,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | \$10,000,000 | +\$1,000,000 |
| High-Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA)* | \$280,000,000 | \$280,000,000 | \$254,000,000 | N/A | N/A | Not funded within CJS bill | N/A |

White House Office of National Drug Control Policy

(funded in Financial Services appropriations bill)

| Program | FY 18 | FY 2019 | President's FY 20 Request | House FY 20 Request | Senate Appropriations. FY 20 Request | Final FY 2020 Appropriations | FY 2020 vs. FY 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Office of National Drug Control Policy* | \$415,493,000 | \$416,727,000 | \$28,501,000 | \$441,251,000 | \$415,370,000 | \$425,115,000 | +\$8,388,000 |
| <i>Drug Free Communities (DFC)</i> | \$99,000,000 | \$100,000,000 | Not funded within ONDCP | \$100,500,000 | \$100,000,000 | \$101,000,000 | +\$1,000,000 |
| <i>High-Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) Program</i> | \$280,000,000 | \$280,000,000 | Not funded within ONDCP | \$300,000,000 | \$280,000,000 | \$285,000,000 | +\$5,000,000 |
| <i>Community-Based Coalition Enhancement Grants (CARA Grants)</i> | \$3,000,000 | \$3,000,000 | Not funded within ONDCP | \$5,000,000 | \$3,000,000 | \$4,000,000 | +\$1,000,000 |

FY 2021

Looking Ahead

The year ahead



The President is expected to release the Administration's proposed FY 2021 (Oct. 1, 2020-Sept. 30, 2021) budget on February 10, 2020.



Start of the appropriations process may be delayed due to impeachment trial



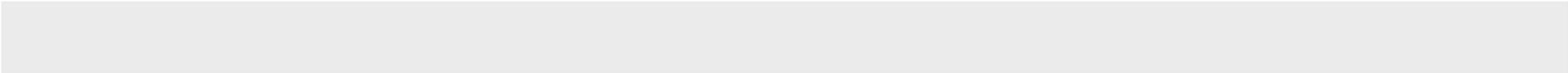
Additionally, elections will slow down progress



Potential for a continuing resolution in absence of final appropriations before start of FY 2021 on October 1st



NASADAD RESOURCES



EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS

- Fact Sheets:
 - SAPT Block Grant
 - SAPT Block Grant Prevention Set-Aside
 - Timeline of Funding for States to Address the Opioid Crisis
 - Discretionary Funding for Primary Prevention of Substance Use
 - Substance-specific fact sheets
- Budget & Appropriations Overviews
- Legislative Summaries

| State | FY 15-16 | FY 16-17 | FY 17-18 | FY 18-19 | FY 19-20 |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Alabama | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Alaska | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Arizona | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Arkansas | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| California | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Colorado | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Connecticut | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Delaware | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| District of Columbia | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Florida | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Georgia | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Hawaii | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Idaho | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Illinois | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Indiana | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Iowa | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Kansas | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Kentucky | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Louisiana | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Maine | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Maryland | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Massachusetts | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Michigan | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Minnesota | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Mississippi | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Missouri | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Montana | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Nebraska | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Nevada | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| New Hampshire | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| New Jersey | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| New Mexico | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| New York | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| North Carolina | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| North Dakota | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Ohio | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Oklahoma | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Oregon | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Pennsylvania | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Rhode Island | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| South Carolina | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| South Dakota | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Tennessee | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Texas | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Utah | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Vermont | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Virginia | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Washington | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| West Virginia | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Wisconsin | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |
| Wyoming | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 |



NASADAP National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors

Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Block Grant

SAPT Block Grant Funding Appropriations vs. State Fiscal Year

The graph shows SAPT Block Grant funding from 2015 to 2020. The Y-axis represents funding in billions of dollars, ranging from 0 to 10. The X-axis represents the State Fiscal Year. The funding shows a steady increase over the period, with a slight dip in 2019.

NASADAP National Association of State Alcohol and Drug Abuse Directors

Substance Use-Disorder Prevention that Promotes Opioid Recovery and Treatment for Patients and Communities Act (P.L. 115-271)

This act aims to address the opioid crisis through various measures, including funding for prevention, treatment, and recovery services. Key provisions include:

- Establishing a new funding stream for states to support opioid recovery and treatment.
- Supporting research and data collection on opioid use and its consequences.
- Enhancing state and local capacity to address the opioid crisis.
- Supporting the development of evidence-based practices for opioid recovery and treatment.

STR/SOR 50 STATE PROFILES

In April 2019, NASADAD asked State alcohol and drug agencies in for information describing use of STR/SOR funds

NASADAD Policy Staff worked with States to develop high level overviews on use of funds for prevention, treatment, recovery, and overdose reversal

State profiles can be found at

www.nasadad.org

QUESTIONS?



RMORRISON@NASADAD.ORG OR
SWICKRAMATILAKE@NASADAD.ORG



WWW.NASADAD.ORG



(202) 293-0090